

November 29, 2012

Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission 1300 S. Evergreen Park Drive S.W. P.O. Box 47250 Olympia, WA 98504-7250

Attention:

David Danner

Executive Secretary

RE: Letter from PacifiCorp, dated November 8, 2012

Docket No. UE-121680

Dear Mr. Danner:

This letter is in response to the November 8, 2012 letter submitted by Pacific Power & Light Company ("PacifiCorp" or the "Company") to the Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission (the "Commission") in the above-referenced docket.

On October 10, 2012, Boise submitted a letter to the Commission detailing the power outages and other reliability issues that have plagued Boise White Paper, L.L.C. at its Wallula Mill site since the 1990s and earlier. Despite Boise's attempts to negotiate directly with PacifiCorp—both for reimbursements related to these outages and for much-needed upgrades to the unprotected transmission line feeding the mill—PacifiCorp continues to deny responsibility. With no way to recoup the costs related to past outages, and faced with an untold number of future reliability problems, Boise requested that the Commission investigate the adequacy of PacifiCorp's electric service to the Wallula Mill.

On November 8, 2012, PacifiCorp submitted a letter in response to Boise's initial communication. As these two letters show, Boise and PacifiCorp fundamentally disagree about the facts underlying this docket. Standing alone, these factual discrepancies, which are discussed in more detail below, should lead the Commission to investigate this long-standing quality of service dispute.

As a condition of Commission approval of its merger with MidAmerican, PacifiCorp accepted a number of "Transaction Commitments." One of these Transaction Commitments, Condition Wa 25 of the Merger Settlement, required PacifiCorp to take a number of actions to remedy the reliability problems at the Wallula

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Mill. 1/2 Currently, some of PacifiCorp's Transaction Commitments remain unfulfilled, and, contrary to PacifiCorp's assertions, Boise has previously raised the issue of the Company's inaction. 1/2 In 2007, in Docket No. UE-061546/UE-060817, the Industrial Customers of Northwest Utilities ("ICNU"), of which Boise is a member, submitted testimony explicitly addressing the "frequent and expensive reliability problems" that afflict the Wallula Mill, and specifically highlighted PacifiCorp's failure to implement the Transaction Commitments. With respect to reliability issues, Boise Senior Staff Electrical Engineer, Walter W. Bruehl, testified that "Boise... has paid for firm electric power, but has been provided an inferior and, at times, interruptible product." Mr. Bruehl detailed the litany of reliability issues that Boise has endured since the late 1980s, estimating lost production costs between July 1998 and February 2007 alone as exceeding \$2.5 million. Moreover, Mr. Bruehl expressed Boise's safety concerns, stating that Boise was "very lucky" to have thus far avoided "serious injuries" to its workforce. 1/6

Mr. Bruehl's testimony supports the conclusion that these reliability failings and safety concerns can be attributed in large part to PacifiCorp's failure to fulfill the Transaction Commitments. PacifiCorp agreed, among other things, to conduct two separate studies to analyze the possibility of adding lightning protection to the 230 kV lines connected to the Wallula substation and to the 69 kV lines connected to the Cascade Kraft substation. Instead, PacifiCorp made an independent determination that these measures were cost-prohibitive and declined to conduct the former study and failed to prepare a report covering the results of the latter study. Nonetheless, PacifiCorp claims that Company has invested "more than \$1.6 million to comply with the Transaction Commitment." Even assuming that this figure is an accurate estimation of PacifiCorp's investments at Wallula, this figure is dwarfed by the costs associated with PacifiCorp's outages over the same time period. Moreover, the service conditions at the mill—which Boise characterized as "unacceptable" back in 2007—remain largely unchanged.

Re MidAmerican Energy Holdings Co., WUTC Docket No. UE-051090, Order No. 8, at App. A, 18-19 (Mar. 9, 2006).

Ltr. from R. Patrick Reiten, Pres. & C.E.O., PacifiCorp, to the Washington Utilities and Transportation Comm'n at 2 (Nov. 8, 2012) ("Reiten Letter").

Wash. Utilities & Transportation Comm'n v. PacifiCorp, WUTC Docket Nos. UE-061546/UE-060817, Direct Testimony of Walter W. Bruehl on Behalf of the Indus. Customers of Nw. Utilities at 1, 10–12 (Feb. 16, 2007).

 $[\]frac{4}{}$ Id. at 4.

<u>5</u>/ Id.

^{6/} Id. at 2.

 $[\]overline{Id}$. at 10–12.

Id. at 10-11.

<u>Id</u>. at 11.

 $[\]frac{10}{\text{Reiten Letter at 2.}}$

WUTC Docket Nos. UE-061546/UE-060817, Direct Testimony of Bruehl at 2.

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It is incumbent upon PacifiCorp to implement lightning protection measures on the line serving the Wallula Mill. State law requires that electric utilities "furnish and supply such service, instrumentalities and facilities as shall be *safe*, *adequate and efficient*, and in all respects just and reasonable." It is simply not enough that PacifiCorp supplies Boise with electrical service; PacifiCorp must also ensure that this service is at a level sufficient to protect workers and sustain business operations. Mr. Bruehl's testimony, which is as accurate today as it was five years ago, indicates that Boise is—and has been for some time—receiving far less than what PacifiCorp is obligated by law to provide.

PacifiCorp acknowledges the defects in its service to Boise, observing that the Wallula Mill experienced three disruptions between July–August 2012 alone. Rather than recognizing that the Company has fallen short of its obligations under RCW 80.28.010(2), PacifiCorp blames Boise for the inadequacies. Not only does PacifiCorp underestimate the scope of an electric utility's obligations to its customers as a general matter, but the Company also misstates the facts surrounding Boise's capacitor issues.

Based on the results of a harmonic and power factor study conducted in 2002, PacifiCorp insists that Boise must install 19,200 KVAR of capacitors before it will "experience the full benefit of the upgrades PacifiCorp has made to date on its infrastructure." What the Company fails to mention, however, is that both the 2002 study and a follow-up study in 2007 identified PacifiCorp as the primary source of Boise's capacitor problems. Both studies concluded that the Boise capacitors were failing due to PacifiCorp's automatic switching of capacitor banks in the Cascade Kraft substation. This switching resulted in an amplified voltage on Boise-owned capacitor banks of up to 194% of nominal voltage and, over time, these repeated over-voltages caused the majority of Boise's 15,000 KVAR capacitors to fail. Thus, if 19,200 KVAR of capacitors are needed, Boise should be obligated for only 4,200 KVAR, or the portion of the need not created by PacifiCorp's own actions. Although PacifiCorp has since modified the capacitor banks in response to the 2002 and 2007 studies, Boise has no knowledge of any follow-up studies or field data demonstrating that the modifications are sufficient to prevent further destruction of Boise-owned equipment.

Boise appreciates the opportunity to address PacifiCorp's response in this docket. Boise believes that the factual disputes surrounding the history of PacifiCorp's service to the Wallula Mill should prompt a Commission investigation into this matter. PacifiCorp is statutorily obligated to provide Boise with electricity that is both safe and adequate; instead, the Company offers service that is at times unreliable. In addition, PacifiCorp has failed to meet all of its merger obligations contained in the Transaction Commitments. Given PacifiCorp's familiarity with these service problems, coupled with

Id.

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^{12/} RCW 80.28.010(2) (emphasis added).

Reiten Letter at $\hat{3}$.

 $[\]frac{14}{}$ Id. at 4.

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Boise's substantial financial contributions to the PacifiCorp system, it has long been PacifiCorp's duty to install lightning protection of the line serving the Wallula Mill. Given the Company's persistent unwillingness to do so, Boise has no choice but to request that the Commission step in and conduct an investigation into this matter.

Sincerely,

Michael Hale Boise Inc.

CC: R. Patrick Reiten, Pacific Power