### BEFORE THE WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

In the Matter of the Pricing Proceeding	)
for Interconnection, Unbundled Elements,	) DOCKET NO. UT-960369
Transport and Termination, and Resale	)
In the Matter of the Pricing Proceeding	) )
for Interconnection, Unbundled Elements,	) DOCKET NO. UT-960370
Transport and Termination, and Resale for	)
U S WEST COMMUNICATIONS, INC.	)
In the Matter of the Pricing Proceeding	) )
for Interconnection, Unbundled Elements,	) DOCKET NO. UT-960371
<b>Transport and Termination, and Resale for</b>	)
GTE NORTHWEST INCORPORATED	)

# RESPONSIVE DIRECT TESTIMONY OF RODNEY LANGLEY

ON BEHALF OF

**GTE NORTHWEST INCORPORATED** 

SUBJECT: STAFF DEAVERAGING PROPOSAL

**JANUARY 18, 2000** 

### I. <u>IDENTIFICATION OF WITNESS AND BACKGROUND</u>

- 3 Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, BUSINESS ADDRESS AND TITLE.
- A. My name is Rodney Langley and my business address is 600 Hidden Ridge, Irving,
   TX 75038. I am employed by GTE Service Corporation as Manager-Costing. I am
   appearing on behalf of GTE Northwest Incorporated (GTE) in this case.

- Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND AND WORK EXPERIENCE.
  - A. I received a Bachelor of Science degree in Business Administration from Valdosta State University in Valdosta, Georgia in 1970, with an emphasis on Management. I have been employed with GTE for over 27 years. I began my career in 1972 with General Telephone of the Southeast. Since that time I have held positions of increasing responsibility in the areas of traffic facilities administration, switching administration, customer services, access services, product management, and wholesale-local services. In February 1996, I was promoted to Senior Product Manager-Interconnection and then to Group Product Manager-Network Interconnection for GTE's Open Market Transition (OMT) Program Office. In that position I was responsible for developing and implementing the processes, procedures, and system capabilities required to enable GTE to receive and process

GTENW Responsive Direct Langley - 1

Exhibit No.		(JRL-T)
D	ocket No. L	` ,

wholesale service requests for competitive local exchange carriers (CLEC). In September 1997, I was promoted to my current position as Manager-Costing.

Α.

### Q. WHAT ARE YOUR CURRENT RESPONSIBILITIES AS MANAGER-COSTING?

I am responsible for the format, content, and methodology of conducting GTE's non-recurring cost studies for wholesale local services – resale and unbundled network elements, retail services, interim number portability (INP)/local number portability (LNP) functionality; Operational Support Systems (OSS) transitional and transactional cost studies; and recurring and non-recurring collocation cost studies for the 28 states in which GTE operates. My responsibilities also include mapping of costs to prices for these categories of services and activities.

## Q. HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY TESTIFIED ON BEHALF OF GTE TELEPHONE OPERATIONS?

A. Yes. I have testified on behalf of GTE concerning non-recurring, OSS, and collocation costs before public utility commissions of California, Alabama, North Carolina, Indiana, Washington (Phase II of this proceeding), and New Mexico and I have participated in Commission workshops in Texas and Hawaii.

### II. PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY

### Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?

A. The purpose of my testimony is to address the testimony of Thomas L. Spinks of the Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission Staff. I will address several areas of omission in his proposal for deaveraging unbundled loop rates based on loop length in Washington, specifically the administrative and system costs.

### Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR TESTIMONY.

A. Staff's proposal to deaverage unbundled loop rates based on loop lengths should be rejected, because it is impractical and would impose substantial costs on GTE that would have to be passed to the CLECs.

Loop rate deaveraging has associated administrative impacts and costs that must be addressed and incorporated into the final cost and rate determination by this and other commissions. These administrative costs include, at a minimum, the systems costs (developmental and operational) and procedural costs. The proposal by Mr. Spinks fails to consider the various administrative and developmental costs.

### III. <u>GTE's CONCERNS WITH STAFF'S PROPOSED LOOP RATE DEAVERAGING</u> AND ITS IMPACTS ON OTHER COSTS.

### Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR CONCERNS.

GTENW Responsive Direct Langley - 3

Exhibit No.		(JRL-T)
D	ocket No. L	` ,

A. I am particularly concerned that Mr. Spinks ignores the administrative and systems requirements and costs of his proposal. His proposal fails to even consider the processes, systems, and databases for GTE's OSS and procedural requirements, or those of the industry as a whole. Likewise, he has elected to propose a "standard" measure that is not a standard at all.

### Q. HOW DOES STAFF'S PROPOSAL IMPACT GTE?

A. Under Mr. Spinks' proposal, GTE will be required to modify its facility inventory system to accommodate the loop length for each existing and/or changed end user service arrangement. Additionally, procedures will have to be developed so that any new customer could be "inventoried" for the new service arrangement at or prior to service establishment, as that particular loop length could not have been predetermined prior to the service request. New linkages will be required between the inventory OSS and billing OSS to assure accurate and timely billing of services.

Without industry review and agreements and a Commission decision, it is difficult, if not impossible, to determine the total scope of the modifications and associated costs. In order for this Commission and others to assess the local competition costs and cost recovery, the deaveraging decision must incorporate these administrative

1 costs.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

### Q. WHAT ARE THE INDUSTRY ISSUES INVOLVED WITH STAFF'S PROPOSAL?

A. There are a number of existing and ongoing industry issues involving operational support systems and procedural processes. The industry has a long-established platform, consisting of several forums, to address the needs and to establish standards for ILEC to CLEC interfaces. The introduction of new requirements must follow this systematic process in order for the industry to establish standard communications, both content and rules. Without an industry approach to the OSS requirements, there will certainly be problems with pre-ordering, ordering and billing functions, as well as, billing disputes. These problems will affect, not only GTE, but other parties, as well.

13

14

15

Staff's proposal does not address any aspects of the industry standardization processes or protocol, or even acknowledge the industry implications.

16

17

### Q. WHAT IS THE PROBLEM WITH THE STANDARD PROPOSED BY STAFF?

A. Mr. Spinks proposes the census block as the "standard' for determining distancesensitive loop-lengths. According to Mr. Spinks, estimating the loop length can be accomplished by associating "...each customer with a census block and know how

GTENW Responsive Direct Langley - 5

Exhibit No. \_\_\_\_(JRL-T)

Docket No. UT-960369

far each census block is from the customer's wire center..." [at page 7]. He further states that "[d]ata bases already exist which can locate a census block for a given address..." [at page 7].

There are two significant facts that must be taken into account. First, loop length is measured in feet or kilofeet, and technical and cost parameters are determined on those bases. Second, census blocks are not uniform in size, that is, they do not have dimensions that are measured in feet or kilofeet but rather conform to a population density. Even if the census block did have uniform dimensions, loop length would not necessarily conform as the facilities follow streets, roads, etc. and would result in varying measurements within a census block. Immediately there is an obvious mismatch between the industry dimensions (technical and cost) and the census block dimensions (population).

Thus, the proposal by Mr. Spinks is so flawed that it is impractical and not useable. Even if Mr. Spinks proposal had merit, his argument that the data exist to locate the census block for every address is short-sighted in that he again ignores the costs and administrative requirements to verify data, modify systems and populate the facility inventory systems. Likewise, he does not acknowledge the ongoing

Exhibit No.		_(JRL-T)
D	ocket No. U	,

administrative requirements to adjust and update databases for census block changes and new service addresses.

3

4

5

6

7

### Q. WHAT ARE GTE'S RECOMMENDATIONS?

A. The proposal by Mr. Spinks contains so many flaws and omissions as to render it completely impractical and unmanageable. The Commission should discount this approach for this and other reasons as detailed by GTE witnesses Dye and Tucek.

8

9

10

11

12

13

This Commission must recognize that GTE, US WEST and other ILECs will incur system and administrative costs to support any deaveraging loop rate proposal, but those costs can be minimized by adopting a rate plan that is administratively manageable. GTE's wire center zone proposal presents such an administratively manageable approach.

14

15

### Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?

16 A. Yes.