

**Exhibit No. \_\_\_ T (WHW-1T)**  
**Docket No. UT-090842**  
**Witness: William H. Weinman**

**BEFORE THE WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION**

**In the Matter of the Joint Application of**

**Frontier Communications, Inc. and  
Verizon Communications, Inc.**

**For approval of Transfer of Control**

**DOCKET NO. UT-090842**

**ERRATA**

**TO**

**TESTIMONY OF**

**WILLIAM H. WEINMAN**

**STAFF**

**OF**

**THE WASHINGTON UTILITIES  
AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION**

***Revised December 9, 2009***

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1 companies are Aaa for Moody's and AAA for Standard and Poor's and Fitch. The  
2 lowest rated companies are C (Moody's) and D (Standard and Poor's and Fitch). For  
3 the remainder of this discussion, I will refer to Standard and Poor's ratings. The  
4 ratings are split between two major categories, "investment grade" and "below  
5 investment grade or junk bonds." Companies with bonds considered to be investment  
6 grade are rated from AAA to BBB by Standard and Poor's. Companies with bonds  
7 considered to be below investment grade or junk bonds are rated from BBB to D by  
8 Standard and Poor's.

9  
10 **Q. How do Verizon and Frontier compare based on debt ratings?**

11 | A. Verizon is rated A by Standard & Poor's. Frontier has a rating of BBB which falls  
12 into the "below investment grade or junk bond" category.

13  
14 **Q. What can we conclude from the debt ratings?**

15 A. In my opinion, there are financial risks that are likely to cause harm to the Verizon  
16 NW Washington customers because Frontier has a lower debt rating than Verizon.  
17 The lower debt rating of Frontier indicates the company will have less access to bond  
18 markets than Verizon presently enjoys and Frontier will also incur higher interest  
19 rates than Verizon. Data from the various agencies confirms companies with lower  
20 debt ratings will incur higher interest rates on bonds, experience higher yields, and  
21 incur more defaults than companies with higher ratings.

1 in Washington. This response also makes it impossible for Staff to perform  
2 any meaningful analysis to determine if this transaction will result in harm  
3 to the Washington customers. Exhibit No. \_\_\_\_ (WHW-4).  
4

- 5 • Public Counsel asked the Joint Applicants to “provide the Company’s  
6 financial model ... that shows Frontier will be able to fulfill its broadband  
7 build-out commitments while servicing its current debt load as well as the  
8 additional debt assumed to finance the transaction.” The Joint Applicants  
9 responded that no such model exists as Frontier has not made any specific  
10 broadband build-out commitments. (Exhibit No. \_\_\_\_ (WHW-5).  
11
- 12 • Public Counsel asked the Joint Applicants to provide Frontier’s most  
13 recent five-year capital budget showing its projected capital additions to  
14 telephone plant in Washington. Frontier responded that it does not  
15 currently have access lines within Washington State and does not have a  
16 five-year capital budget. Exhibit No. \_\_\_\_ (WHW-6). This matter is of  
17 particular concern because as part of the risk factor discussion in Frontier’s  
18 S-4 filed with the SEC, the company stated:  
19

20 **The combined company will require substantial capital to**  
21 **upgrade and enhance its operations.**  
22

23 Verizon’s historical capital expenditures in connection with the  
24 Spinco business have been significantly lower than Frontier’s level of  
25 capital expenditures. Replacing or upgrading the combined  
26 company’s infrastructure will require significant capital expenditures,  
27 including any expected or unexpected expenditures necessary to make  
28 replacements or upgrades to the existing infrastructure of the Spinco  
29 Business.  
30

- 31 • Public Counsel asked the Joint Applicants to “provide a cash flow interest  
32 coverage analysis for both Frontier Communications and Verizon  
33 Northwest (or the corporate entity that includes Verizon’s Washington  
34 ILEC operations) before and after the merger.” The Joint Applicants  
35 provided no such analysis responding in part that “there is no post-merger  
36 analysis.” This analysis would help determine if Frontier’s cash flow from  
37 Frontier NW would be able to fund its investment commitments (including  
38 FiOS), operating expenses, interest payments on BBB rated debt, and  
39 dividends to common stockholders.  
40

41 The absence of information severely impairs the Commission’s ability to  
42 determine that no harm will result Washington customers.  
43

1 of 2008. During the course of that year, it received \$97 billion in revenues and  
2 earned \$6.4 billion in net income. It currently maintains a debt to EBITDA ratio of  
3 2.7x and an 'A' credit rating with the rating agency Standard & Poor's.  
4 Frontier is primarily a provider of wireline telephone and high-speed internet  
5 services provided to rural markets. It ended 2008 with \$6.9 billion in assets and total  
6 long term debt, liabilities, and deferred credits of \$6.4 billion. It received revenues  
7 of \$569 million and earned \$46 million in net income. As of June 30, 2009, Frontier  
8 maintained a debt to EBITDA ratio of 4.6x, which is expected to decline to 3.0x on a  
9 pro forma basis following the merger. Standard & Poor's currently rates Frontier's  
10 senior unsecured notes as "BBB".

11 If the merger is approved, Verizon NW will be owned by a company with  
12 less diversified operations, a smaller asset base, smaller earnings, and a lower credit  
13 rating. As a result, the operating company will face greater expense and greater  
14 difficulty raising capital.

15  
16 **Q. Has Frontier engaged investment bankers to analyze the merger proposal?**

17 A. Yes. Both Evercore Group L.L.C. and Citigroup Global Markets Inc. have  
18 expressed opinions concerning this transaction. Annex B-1 and B-2 of Frontier's S-4  
19 filing contain the opinions of the firms. Both firms qualify the assumptions and data  
20 used to render their opinions. Evercore makes the following statement:

21 For purposes of our analysis and opinion, we have assumed and relied upon,  
22 without undertaking any independent verification of, the accuracy and  
23 completeness of all of the information publicly available, and all of the  
24 information supplied or otherwise made available to, discussed with, or  
25 reviewed by us, and we assume no liability therefore. With respect to the  
26 Projections, we have assumed that they have been reasonably prepared on