1 BEFORE THE WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION 2 COMMISSION 3 WASHINGTON UTILITIES AND) TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION,) 4 Complainant,) vs.) Hearing No. UT-911482 vs. , House of Strengthered VS. , INTERNATIONAL PACIFIC, INC.,) Volume VII Respondent.) Pages 864-1029 5 6 _____) A hearing in the above matter was held on 7 8 November 17, 1993 at 9:30 a.m., at 1300 South Evergreen Park Drive Southwest, Olympia, Washington, before 9 10 Administrative Law Judge ROSEMARY FOSTER. 11 The parties were present as follows: 12 INTERNATIONAL PACIFIC, INC., by Douglas N. Owens, Attorney at Law, 520 East Denny, Seattle, 13 Washington 98122. THE COMMISSION by Sally G. Brown, Assistant 14 Attorney General, 1400 South Evergreen Park Drive 15 Southwest, Olympia, Washington 98504. 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 Donna M. Davis, CSR CM 25

Court Reporter

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866 1 PROCEEDINGS 2 3 MR. OWENS: This is not in closed session, 4 but, if we run into a problem where there is confidential material, we may go off the record to try 5 б to sort out how to deal with it. 7 JUDGE FOSTER: Let's be on the record. The 8 hearing will please come to order. The Washington 9 Utilities and Transportation Commission has set for 10 hearing at this time and place Docket No. UT-911482, 11 which is captioned the Washington Utilities and 12 Transportation Commission, Complainant, versus 13 International Pacific, Inc. Today's date is November 17, 1993. We're 14 again convened in the Commission's offices in Olympia, 15 Washington. The purpose of today's and tomorrow's 16 17 session will be to allow for direct and cross-examination of two of the Staff witnesses, Damron 18 and Mr. Wilson. 19 20 In contrasting some of the previous sessions 21 in this matter, this will be considered an open and not 22 a confidential and closed hearing before the 23 Commission. We're going to begin with Mr. Damron's 24 testimony this morning.

25 The parties in this matter are the same as 867 they have been the previous sessions. That is, Sally 1 2 Brown representing the Commission Staff and Doug Owens 3 for International Pacific. 4 Also present today is Merton Lott, 5 Commission accounting advisor. My name is Rosemary б Foster, and I'm the Administrative Law Judge. 7 Are there any preliminary matters before we 8 go ahead with Mr. Damron's testimony? Anything from 9 you, Mr. Owens? 10 MR. OWENS: No, your Honor. JUDGE FOSTER: Ms. Brown? 11 12 MS. BROWN: No. JUDGE FOSTER: Mr. Damron, I'll remind you 13 that you were previously placed under oath. If you 14 would like, I'll go ahead and give numbers to the 15 16 exhibits that have been prefiled. 17 The rebuttal testimony of the witnesses will be identified as Exhibit CT-69. 18 (Marked Exhibit CT-69) 19 20 JUDGE FOSTER: That testimony has 74 pages. 21 Identified as Exhibit 70 is -- actually, I 22 guess I should go back and call this CT-69 since there 23 is some confidential testimony in Mr. Damron's 24 testimony.

25

1 MS. BROWN: Yes, that's correct. 2 JUDGE FOSTER: Then Exhibit 70 should also 3 be designated Exhibit C-70. This is RLCD-3R and it's 4 a pro forma income statement for International Pacific for the twelve months ended December 31, 1991. And 5 б that exhibit has twelve pages. 7 (Marked Exhibit C-70) 8 JUDGE FOSTER: Exhibit 71 will be RLCD -- is 9 that 70? 10 MS. BROWN: Yes. JUDGE FOSTER: Okay. It's a two-page 11 12 exhibit. It's on United States Telephone Association 13 letterhead. The date of the letter is September 30, 1993. It's addressed to Teresa Pitts with the 14 Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission and 15 16 is signed by Stephen Burnett, the director of 17 regulatory methods. That's identified as Exhibit 71. 18 (Marked Exhibit 71) JUDGE FOSTER: Exhibit 72 is again 19 20 non-confidential. This is a multi-page document, and 21 it's a designated as Chapter 6 concerning traffic 22 studies. And the first page of it shows that it's 23 material that was sent by Mr. Burnett to Teresa Pitts 24 in response to her inquiry. And that's RLCD-80.

25

(Marked Exhibit 72)

869 1 JUDGE FOSTER: I had marked as Exhibit 73 is 2 RLCD-90. 3 Now, is that going to be confidential? 4 MR. OWENS: I believe so. 5 JUDGE FOSTER: All right. I will designate that then as C-73. And this is a six-page exhibit. б 7 The caption on the first page indicates that it's a 8 review of IPI's response to Staff Request No. 301 for 9 twelve months ended December 31, 1991. I should say 10 that's Request No. 301 revised/Exhibit No. C-67. 11 (Marked Exhibit C-73) 12 JUDGE FOSTER: Identified as Exhibit C-74 is 13 RLCD-10. And this is four-page exhibit. The caption on the first page indicates that it refers to 14 International Pacific pro forma income statement, 15 16 Washington intra for the twelve months ended December 17 31, 1991. 18 (Marked Exhibit C-74) JUDGE FOSTER: Identified as Exhibit C-75 is 19 20 RLCD-11. This is a twelve-page exhibit. The caption 21 indicates that it's a pro forma income statement for 22 Washington intra for the twelve months ended December 31, 1991. 23 24 (Marked Exhibit C-75)

25	JUDGE FOSTER: Identified as Exhibit 76 is
	870
1	material connected with the lead/lag.
2	MR. OWENS: Your Honor, I believe we have
3	requested that be a confidential exhibit because of the
4	subscriber commission information.
5	JUDGE FOSTER: All right. Let's identify
6	that then as Exhibit C-76. That's a two-page exhibit,
7	and it's also designated as RLCD-12. And it refers to
8	revenue lags and cash operating expenses.
9	(Marked Exhibit C-76)
10	JUDGE FOSTER: Identified as Exhibit C-77 is
11	the pro forma income statement for Washington intra for
12	the twelve months ended December 31, 1991. That's also
13	referred to as RLCD-13. And that's a two-page exhibit.
14	And that is also confidential.
15	(Marked Exhibit C-77)
16	JUDGE FOSTER: I assume, Mr. Owens, your
17	position will be the same on the next exhibit, that
18	that will be confidential because it's talking about
19	allocation of subscriber commissions?
20	MR. OWENS: You're correct, your Honor.
21	JUDGE FOSTER: Identified as Exhibit C-78 is
22	a one-page exhibit. The title indicates that it's
23	allocation of subscriber commissions for International
24	Pacific for the twelve months ended December 31, 1991.

25 That's also designated as RLCD-14. RLCD-15 is a

multi-page document. The front page indicates that 1 2 it's an analysis of all subscriber commissions in IPI's 3 analysis of D-268. 4 (Marked Exhibit C-78) 5 JUDGE FOSTER: Following that is a series of б figures. Actually, it's a 58-page exhibit. 7 Mr. Owens, is it your position that this 8 would also be confidential? 9 MR. OWENS: Yes, your Honor. I believe the 10 information could be garnered by totaling the numbers that would have competitive significance even though 11 12 the individual site identifications have been obscured 13 and serial numbers attached. JUDGE FOSTER: All right. We'll refer to 14 15 this as Exhibit C-79. (Marked Exhibit C-79) 16 17 JUDGE FOSTER: Next is Exhibit RLCD-16. That will be identified as Exhibit 80. Just looking at 18 this briefly, Mr. Owens, I don't see anything in here 19 20 that looks confidential. Do you? 21 MR. OWENS: No, your Honor. There is nothing there. 22 23 JUDGE FOSTER: Exhibit 80. One-page 24 interoffice memo from Sharon Siers, S-i-e-r-s, to Mr.

25 Mean dated September 30, 1993, and concerns WUTC Data 872 Request No. 301, also designated RLCD-16, as Exhibit 1 2 80. Again, I don't believe that this is confidential. 3 MR. OWENS: No, your Honor. 4 (Marked Exhibit 80) JUDGE FOSTER: Exhibit 81 is a one-page 5 6 exhibit. It's a list of computer disks, data files, 7 from the previous hearing, taken down in the previous hearing in this matter, I believe by the witness. It's 8 9 Exhibit 81 for identification. It's also referred to 10 as RLCD-17. 11 That's all I have. 12 (Marked Exhibit 81) JUDGE FOSTER: Mr. Damron, I'll remind you 13 that you were previously placed under oath in this 14 15 matter. 16 17 ROBERT L. C. DAMRON, having been previously duly sworn, was called as a 18 19 witness herein and was examined and testified as follows: 20 21 22 DIRECT EXAMINATION 23 BY MS. BROWN: 24 Q. Good morning, Mr. Damron.

25 Α. Good morning. (DAMRON - Direct by Brown) 873 1 Could you please state your full name. Q. 2 Α. Robert L. C. Damron, D-a-m-r-o-n. 3 What is your business address? Ο. 4 Α. It's Chandler Plaza Building, 1300 South 5 Evergreen Park Drive Southwest, Olympia, Washington б 98504. 7 ο. What is your position with the Washington 8 Utilities and Transportation Commission? 9 I'm a Revenue Requirements Specialist 5. Α. 10 ο. Are you the same Mr. Damron that prefiled written direct testimony and exhibits in this case? 11 12 Α. I am. In preparation for your testimony here 13 Ο. today, did you pre-distribute what's been marked for 14 identification as Exhibit CT-69, Exhibit C-70, Exhibit 15 71, 72, Exhibit C-73, Exhibit C-74, Exhibit C-75, 16 Exhibit C-76, Exhibit C-77, Exhibit C-78, Exhibit C-79, 17 and Exhibits 80 and 81? 18 19 Α. Yes. 20 Ο. Are there any revisions, additions or 21 corrections to any of our exhibits in this case? Only a couple. One revision to my testimony 22 Α. 23 at Page 24, the very last line, Line 22, I have a 24 citation, transcript reference citation at 548. I'm

25	not sure where that came from, but that should be
	(DAMRON - Direct by Brown) 874
1	stricken. The intended transcript reference was TR-532
2	through 536.
3	That's all the corrections to my testimony.
4	I had a problem with Exhibit C-70, which is
5	RLCD-3R. On Page 1, Page 2, and Page 12 in the heading
6	you will see the designation dollars and thousands, and
7	that should be stricken.
8	JUDGE FOSTER: What pages were those again?
9	THE WITNESS: Page 1, Page 2, and Page 12.
10	JUDGE FOSTER: Thank you.
11	THE WITNESS: I have a similar problem in
12	Exhibit C-74 which is RLCD-10. And there, all four
13	pages there is a reference to dollars and thousands
14	which should be stricken.
15	Those are all my revisions.
16	BY MS. BROWN:
17	Q. Are the exhibits that I just referred to
18	true and correct to the best of your knowledge?
19	A. Yes, they are.
20	Q. And were they prepared by you or under your
21	direction and supervision?
22	A. They were.
23	Q. Exhibit 72, which consists of 104 pages, has
24	handwritten and circled numbers at the top right-hand

25 corner of each of those pages.

(DAMRON - Direct by Brown) 875 1 Did you make the circle there? 2 Yes, I did, just for ease of reference. Α. 3 Did you do the same or similar thing in ο. 4 Exhibit C-79, which consists of 58 pages, the numbers 5 and circles were made by you? б Α. Yes, they were. 7 ο. And Exhibit 81, also bears some handwriting. 8 Is that handwriting yours? 9 Α. It is. 10 ο. If I were to ask you the questions set forth in Exhibit CT-69 today, would your answers be the same? 11 12 Yes, they would. Α. 13 MS. BROWN: Your Honor, I move the admission of Exhibit CT-69, C-70, Exhibits 71, 72, Exhibit C-73, 14 15 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, and 79. Those are all confidential exhibits. Exhibit 80 and Exhibit 81. 16 17 JUDGE FOSTER: Any objections, Mr. Owens? MR. OWENS: Yes, your Honor. A brief 18 objection to the portion of Exhibit CT-69 that begins 19 20 on Page 6, Line 14, and continues over to Page 7 21 through Line 10. And there are two grounds for the 22 objection. 23 First, the material is not responsive to the 24 question that's asked. It clearly addresses periods

25 after the Staff commenced its investigation.

(DAMRON - Direct by Brown) 876 The second ground is that it appears to be 1 2 an argument to change the law. And since the 3 Commission doesn't have the power to change the law, it 4 doesn't appear to be relevant to any issues that are 5 before the Commission in this case. б JUDGE FOSTER: Any comments, Miss Brown? 7 MS. BROWN: I think that this testimony here is proper rebuttal. There was a fair amount of 8 9 cross-examination in dispute regarding the ease with 10 which this case was prosecuted by the Commission. And I think that it's relevant. 11 12 I think the testimony should stand. Mr. 13 Damron's opinions regarding the effect of the 14 Commission's lack of show-cause authority also serve as an additional basis for his opinion that this legal 15 16 battle waged by IPI has been formidable and that this 17 case has taken so long to reach conclusion. 18 JUDGE FOSTER: Mr. Owens, your objection to 19 admission of this portion of Mr. Damron's testimony 20 will be denied. I believe that this is attempting to 21 discuss his perspective, problems that have been

22 encountered by the Commission Staff in this case. I
23 think the comments go to the weight. We all know that
24 the Commission doesn't have show-cause authority. So,

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25
    presumably any efforts to change this situation will
        (DAMRON - Direct by Brown)
                                                           877
     take place in a forum far from here.
 1
 2
               With that, I'll go ahead and admit Exhibits
 3
    CT-69, C-70, Exhibit 71 and 72, Exhibits C-73 through
 4
    C-79, and non-confidential Exhibits 80 and 81.
                (Admitted Exhibits CT-69, C-70, 71, 72,
 5
 б
    C-73, C-74, C-75, C-76, C-77, C-78, C-79, 80 and 81)
 7
               MS. BROWN: The witness is available for
 8
    cross-examination.
 9
                JUDGE FOSTER: Go ahead, Mr. Owens.
10
               CROSS-EXAMINATION
11
12
    BY MR. OWENS:
               Good morning, Mr. Damron.
13
         Q.
14
         Α.
               Good morning.
               Mr. Damron, at Page 3 of CT-69, you refer to
15
          Q.
16
    a study done by the Federal Communications Commission
17
    on subscriber commission fees.
18
               Now, do you know anything more than Mr.
19
    Wilson testified that he knew about how that study was
20
    conducted?
21
         Α.
               No, I don't.
22
         Ο.
                So, you don't know whether the FCC had a
23
     random sample or some other basis for its conclusion?
24
         Α.
               No. I relied on the testimony of Mr. Wilson
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25 on that.

(DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 878 1 Have you read the portion of Exhibit 22, Q. 2 Attachment N, Page 13, where the FCC discusses that 3 study? 4 Α. No, I have not. Would you accept subject to check that in 5 Ο. 6 that exhibit the FCC indicated that they believed that 7 their results were flawed in that the companies reported their revenues and commissions differently? 8 9 Α. If you can cite a page? 10 ο. Page 13, Attachment N, Exhibit 22. I'll accept that. 11 Α. 12 In fact, they indicated that some companies Q. treated uncollectibles as included in revenues and some 13 treated them as not being included in revenues. Would 14 15 you accept that subject to check? If it's cited in that and I have the ability 16 Α. 17 to check it, yes. Now, you say a case could be made that a 18 ο. percentage of 21 percent would be appropriate. Are you 19 20 testifying that a percentage of 21 percent is 21 appropriate? No. I'm simply making the observation that 22 Α. 23 Mr. Wilson conducted his survey, the results of his 24 survey achieved a fairly close fit with the FCC's

results. I think that tends to offer some verification 25 (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 879 of Mr. Wilson's survey. 1 2 And regardless of potential defects that may 3 or may not have biased the FCC's results, they 4 certainly would have had a broader base to analyze 5 subscriber commissions and ratios of that to revenues. 6 Q. You're saying biases or defects in the FCC's 7 study should be ignored? 8 Α. I don't think you need to ignore them. But 9 I don't know that there is any showing one way or the 10 other that the biases cause any significant damage to the result. 11 12 Ο. But you don't know that the result is valid yourself, do you? 13 It was valid enough for the FCC to publish 14 Α. the figure with those caveats. 15 16 The FCC isn't taking action such as this Q. 17 Commission is proposing to take against AOS companies, 18 is it? It's taking virtually no action against AOS 19 Α. 20 companies. 21 Q. Is the answer to my question yes? 22 Α. Yes. 23 Q. Now, beginning at Page 5 and continuing on 24 to Page 7 of Exhibit CT-69, you describe what you

25 consider to be the circumstances that you rely on for (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 880 your decision to proceed with your investigation on a 1 2 total-company basis. 3 There isn't any provision in the Washington 4 Administrative Code that indicates that under such 5 circumstances a rate case would be tried on an 6 unseparated basis, is there, that you know of? 7 Α. I believe the Code is silent on that. It 8 doesn't say yes or no. 9 You do not know how long it would have taken Q. 10 you to compute Part 32 inputs to a Part 36 separation study from the information IPI provided; is that 11 12 correct? 13 Correct. You can never calculate how much Α. 14 time it would take you to walk down a different avenue. Now, you indicate at Page 7 that Staff faced 15 Q. 16 obstacles in the discovery process which made an early 17 resolution of this case absolutely impossible. Were any of International Pacific's 18 objections to Staff's discovery sustained? 19 20 Α. They were. 21 Q. Is it true that the timing of the rules on 22 International Pacific's objections to Staff data 23 request was controlled by someone other than 24 International Pacific?

25 Certainly the ruling was controlled -- not Α. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 881 1 controlled by IPI. The date on which they filed the 2 objection was certainly within IPI's control, and in 3 some cases I believe there was cases where we filed a 4 request and it took the Company something like six or 5 eight months before they filed an objection to it. б Q. Isn't it true that the objections that were 7 sustained were filed by International Pacific on or 8 about January 31, 1992? 9 I think -- well, you're testing my memory. Α. 10 I believe there were a series of discovery issues. There were a series of objections to that discovery. I 11 12 don't know that that all happened on one day. 13 JUDGE FOSTER: Mr. Owens, is it possible 14 that you could ask these in a subject to check format? BY MR. OWENS: 15 16 You're aware, aren't you, that International Q. 17 Pacific filed objections to the Staff's discovery 18 within a matter of two or three weeks after receiving 19 the first wave of the Staff data requests? 20 Α. I would accept that subject to check. 21 ο. It's true, isn't it, Mr. Damron, that at 22 least as long as you have been employed by this 23 Commission, the Staff has never before tried a 24 Commission-initiated rate case through to final order?

25 Α. I don't know that that's true or not. My (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 882 1 memory would say that that's true. But my memory may 2 not be accurate. 3 JUDGE FOSTER: Mr. Owens, it seems like you 4 could ask that in a subject to check format. I'm not 5 understanding why you're not. I'm not trying to tell 6 you how to ask it. 7 MR. OWENS: I will expand a little bit on 8 this, your Honor. 9 JUDGE FOSTER: Okay. 10 MR. OWENS: Every time I have asked Mr. Damron a question subject to check, he is a very 11 12 careful witness. He always qualifies his answer that 13 it will be given so long as he is able to check it. 14 I would represent to you that we have made some data requests in which the response has been that 15 16 he has not and will not undertake to investigate each 17 and every rate proceeding that the Commission has ever 18 undertaken in order to ascertain the answer to the 19 question. 20 I realize that's his position. And that's 21 one reason why I'm not asking him a subject to check on 22 this. I'm simply asking for his knowledge. 23 JUDGE FOSTER: All right. 24 THE WITNESS: My knowledge is as stated in

25 one of the data requests from the Company that the only (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 883 two that I'm aware of was the U.S. West earnings 1 complaint case and this present case. There may have 2 been other complaint cases, but they were not revenue 3 4 requirements/earnings complaint cases to my knowledge. 5 BY MR. OWENS: 6 Ο. And the U. S. West case was settled. And 7 the only hearing that was involved in that case was on 8 the terms of the settlement. Isn't that true? 9 It encompassed that and the basis of the Α. 10 settlement. But there was not a situation where the 11 Ο. 12 Staff actually introduced an affirmative case to prove 13 that U. S. West's rates were too high and there was 14 cross-examination on that and that was the basis of a decision on the merits in that case; is that true? 15 16 It's partially true. Staff did introduce Α. 17 pro forma income statement indicating that the 18 settlement was reasonable based on the Staff's revenue 19 requirement analysis. But it was not a contentious 20 case. Cross-examination was waived because of the 21 settlement. 22 0. Now, in making the statement at Page 6 that 23 normally a rate case lasts eleven months or less, what

24

research did you do?

25 Α. The research I did was the fact that I have (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 884 been aware for essentially the last twenty years that 1 2 there is a statutory limit of eleven months in terms of 3 processing a rate case when the initiating party is the 4 Company, the public service company. 5 It has to be processed within that time б period. So, --7 ο. Well, it only has to be processed within 8 that time period if the Commission wants to avoid 9 having the suspended rates go into effect by operation 10 of law. Isn't that true? 11 You're going beyond my expertise in terms of Α. 12 the legalities of this case. It's my understanding in transportation cases that they have granted certain 13 temporary rates subject to verification or final 14 conclusion in hearing. I think that's done more often 15 16 in transportation than it is in the utility regulation. 17 That's my recollection for whatever it's 18 worth. 19 Ο. But you're not saying that you believe there 20 is a legal requirement that a rate case be concluded in 21 eleven months or less? 22 Α. It's been my understanding that the 23 statutory limit is eleven months. There may be some 24 idiosyncrasies involved that I'm not aware of.

25 Then I take it you weren't aware of the fact Q. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 885 that the case involving Pacific Telephone and Telegraph 1 2 Company that went to the Supreme Court in 1940 took two 3 years at the Commission level? 4 Α. I'm not aware of the circumstances of that 5 case. So, I couldn't comment one way or the other. б MR. OWENS: For the record, your Honor, I 7 would give you the citation of WUTC versus Pacific 8 Telephone and Telegraph, 19 Washington 2d 200 decided 9 in 1940. I don't have the page citation. But it 10 clearly indicates that the case started in June of 1938 and there was a Commission order in July of 1940. 11 12 BY MR. OWENS: 13 Ο. Now, you indicate also on Page 6 the 14 Commission has expressed a desire to process rate cases in a six-month period if possible. 15 16 I take it that's not a provision in the 17 Washington Administrative Code, is it? 18 No. It was simply a stated objective of the Α. 19 Commission that in recognition of the need -- I believe 20 this was issued in the early '80s when we had double 21 digit inflation and prime rates, and the Commission was 22 attempting to respond to the needs of the industry by 23 processing cases in a more timely manner. They made 24 the statement that whenever possible they would like to

25 see these rate cases concluded in six months.

(DAMRON - Cross by Owens)

Q. You don't any longer have a copy of the
 document that you referred to in that answer; is that
 right?

886

4 A. No, I don't. When my office was reduced to 5 a workstation that I can now reach across, I no longer 6 have ninety percent of the files that I used to have.

Q. I take it nobody from the Commission has
given you any instructions with regard to this case to
process it in six months or less?

10 A. Nobody has given me any instructions in 11 terms of timing. Of course, as I have indicated in my 12 testimony, I don't think the Staff is totally in 13 control of the timing of this case. We don't control 14 the flow of data. And that's essential to the 15 processing of this case.

Q. Now, you state at Page 6 that you believe that with show-cause authority the Commission could have taken action against IPI's rates in approximately a six-month period. And you indicated in response -strike that.

Is that based on your general experience with companies that you believe are the same size as International Pacific where they have the burden to prove a rate increase? 25 In part, yes. In part I'm aware that, for Α. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 887 instance, the IPI with show-cause by the FCC reduced 1 2 its rates without hearing. 3 We discussed this in your cross-examination ο. 4 of your direct case. And you don't know any more now 5 than you knew then about what specific rate б International Pacific reduced; is that correct? 7 Α. Only what is on the record in this case and 8 in the Company's competitive classification case. I 9 think Mr. Soumas spoke to this. 10 ο. You're not saying that it's impossible that 11 with show-cause authority the case could take longer 12 than six months, are you? Well, I think in a show-cause situation, 13 Α. it's my experience from looking at the FCC, they have 14 issued show-cause authority and have basically said you 15 16 will either show cause why your rates should not be 17 reduced or you will reduce your rates on 1/1 whatever 18 of that particular year. So, they set a deadline. And 19 I have not -- I'm not familiar with what statutes or 20 what regulations permit them to do that or what the 21 duration is. But they have been able to say "You will 22 show cause why your rates should not be reduced or you 23 will reduce them by such and such a date." 24 And I think that sets a deadline in terms of

25 processing the case.

(DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 888 1 You don't know whether or not the FCC either Q. 2 is required to or, in fact, gives a hearing in any such 3 show-cause proceedings, are you? 4 Α. I'm not that familiar with -- I only know 5 what I read in the papers. If a hearing was required in Washington, 6 Q. 7 that could affect even the length of time that would be 8 needed to process the case under show-cause authority, 9 couldn't it? 10 Α. Certainly. And so you're not saying that it's 11 Ο. 12 impossible that a case might take longer than six 13 months under show-cause authority? Is that a fair 14 statement? It could take longer. It certainly would 15 Α. 16 take a lot less Staff effort and resources to process, 17 and we have very limited resources. 18 ο. You say that the Commission went to the 1992 legislature. Isn't it true that the Commission went to 19 20 the 1993 legislature to ask for power to reverse the 21 burden of proof? I would have to accept that subject to 22 Α. 23 check. You may be right. 24 ο. Now, did you ever yourself go to

25 International Pacific headquarters to exercise your (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 889 statutory power to review its books and records either 1 2 during 1992 or 1993? 3 Α. The Staff did. I did not personally. 4 Q. And was there anything that International 5 Pacific did that prevented you from inspecting its 6 books and records yourself, using your statutory power? 7 Α. No. I think there is two avenues of -- to 8 obtain data. One is through data requests and one is 9 through onsite inspection of the books. Either way, 10 Staff has no independent source of data. And whether they get it through discovery or get it through onsite 11 12 analysis, the same result is achieved. 13 I think as contentious as this case has 14 been, it was my choice to keep it formal, particularly in light of some of the accusations that we have had 15 16 leveled at the Staff on the record. I have been very 17 careful to keep it formal and keep it in 18 correspondence. I don't know that onsite audit is any better 19 20 or any worse than discovery. 21 Q. But since you didn't try it, you don't know 22 in this case; is that right? 23 Α. No. I can only say I did the best I could 24 with the amount of time and resources I had available.

25 Now, you have audited Pacific Northwest Q. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 890 1 Bell, the predecessor of U. S. West, in rate cases 2 before, haven't you? 3 Α. On a number of occasions, yes. 4 Q. On those occasions, did you do it by staying 5 in your office and submitting data requests б exclusively? 7 Α. Usually. 8 Ο. You never went to U. S. West or Pacific 9 Northwest Bell and examined their records? 10 Α. I wouldn't say never. But when you're dealing with a multi-billion dollar multi-state 11 12 company, that two-week excursion at Bell Plaza really 13 doesn't bear a whole lot of fruit. When you're working a case where there is maybe thirty or forty boxes of 14 analysis that you ultimately generate in a rate case, I 15 16 work better at my desk than I do at the Bell Plaza. 17 With a company that size, it's a bit 18 optimistic to say that you audit the company with a one 19 or two-staff force when you have a company that covers 20 36 percent of the Continental United States. So, you 21 rely very heavily on interview and discovery and analysis rather than the type of verification audit 22 23 that you would make. 24 It's not an Arthur Andersen type audit.

25 It's an audit for very specific purposes identifying (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 891 revenue requirements. 1 2 It's true, isn't it, that the lack of Ο. 3 show-cause authority didn't prevent you from going to 4 International Pacific and reviewing their records? 5 Α. No. As I have stated, Staff did go to IPI 6 and examined their records and obtained the general 7 ledger for 1991 and 1992 and part of 1993. 8 Ο. Is it true that, aside from one motion to 9 compel that was filed in March of 1992 and granted in 10 part and denied in part, the Staff didn't file any motions to compel responses to data requests? 11 12 I don't recall. Subject to check, yes. Α. 13 Ο. Is it true that there weren't any motions to compel that the Staff believed were necessary but did 14 15 not file? 16 Α. I don't know. 17 ο. Is it true that the Staff did not renew any 18 of the data requests that the order on discovery said could be renewed if the response of the Company was not 19 20 full and complete? 21 Α. I don't know without going back and 22 checking. I don't know whether there is necessity to 23 renew data requests once you get a discovery order that 24 says you will comply.

25 Now, with regard to the timeliness of Q. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 892 responses to data requests, it's correct, isn't it, 1 2 that the Staff did not meet the deadline set in the 3 rule for all of its responses to IPI's discovery? 4 Α. I do not know. It's true, isn't it, that they objected to 5 Ο. б some of International Pacific's data requests? 7 Α. Yes. 8 Ο. Now, the Commission went to the legislature 9 in 1992 and requested show-cause authority, but it 10 requested that only for AOS companies that had filed tariffs prior to I believe it was July of 1991; is that 11 12 right? 13 I'm not aware of the specific details. It's Α. 14 my understanding that the show-cause authority was confined to AOS companies. Beyond that, it's beyond my 15 16 knowledge. I did not read the proposed legislation. 17 ο. Was that because the Commission thought it 18 would be okay if other types of companies had rates 19 that continued to be high during the pendency of a 20 protracted case to reduce those rates? 21 Α. I have no idea what was in the mind of the 22 Commission. I could speculate. 23 Q. I'm not asking for your speculation. 24 JUDGE FOSTER: Mr. Owens, was that 1992 or

25 1993?

	(DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 893
1	MR. OWENS: I believe it was the 1993
2	legislative session that began in January of 1993.
3	JUDGE FOSTER: Okay. I believe you in your
4	question said 1992. I just want to be clear.
5	MR. OWENS: You're absolutely right. I read
б	from the testimony, and I believe that's an erroneous
7	date. I had asked Mr. Damron about that previously.
8	JUDGE FOSTER: Yes.
9	MR. OWENS: Thank you for correcting me on
10	that.
11	BY MR. OWENS:
12	Q. It's true, isn't it, that International
13	Pacific's existing rates are presumed reasonable until
14	you prove otherwise after a hearing?
15	A. No. I wouldn't agree with that. They are
16	presumed to be the filed tariff. And I don't think
17	it's my understanding that the Commission is required
18	to accept any tariff that comes through the door. I
19	don't think we consider them reasonable until they
20	achieve a finding from the Commission that they are
21	fair, just, and reasonable, and I don't think that
22	finding has ever been made with IPI.
23	Q. It's true, isn't it, that the Commission

24 could have petitioned the joint board to establish

25 separations for AOS providers before filing its (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 894 complaint against IPI? 1 2 Α. They could have done a number of things and 3 may still do that. 4 So, is the answer yes? Q. 5 Α. The answer is yes. This is an early б industry, and problems take time to work out. 7 ο. Is it true that the Commission could have 8 adopted a valid accounting rule to cover the 1991 test 9 year? 10 Α. I think they felt they had a valid accounting rule until they received a ruling from the 11 12 Court. 13 Is the answer yes, they could have adopted a Ο. 14 valid accounting rule? I don't know why they would go back and 15 Α. 16 adopt a valid accounting rule and initiate a proceeding 17 when they didn't feel that there was any need to do so. 18 Q. You're saying it's impossible for them to have adopted a valid accounting rule? 19 20 Α. I'm not saying it's impossible. It's rather 21 improbable to initiate a proceeding when you have no 22 inclination to do so until the defect of that was 23 challenged in the court. 24 ο. Isn't it true that the Commission could have

25 issued a directive or an order to International Pacific (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 895 to provide a separated 1991 results and issued that 1 2 order at the beginning of 1991? 3 Α. They could have. That's improbable that 4 they would ask for something until they had concluded 5 that an investigation was appropriate. 6 Q. The Commission was working on its AOS rule 7 for more than a year before that rule was adopted in July of 1991, wasn't it? 8 9 I have no direct knowledge of the AOS rule Α. 10 or the timing of that rule or who participated in that rule. I was not a party to that. 11 12 Is it true that sometimes, even when the Ο. burden of proof is on the utility, that the utility 13 objects to Staff data requests? 14 15 Α. Yes, they do. 16 Q. And you're not taking a position that such 17 objections should not be heard, are you? Of course not. A company should exercise 18 Α. 19 its legal rights. 20 Q. Now, you testified at Page 8 that the only 21 jurisdictional procedures known to the Staff really did 22 not apply to International Pacific. But it's true, 23 isn't it, that you asked in a data request for 24 International Pacific to prepare separations using that

25 process?

(DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 896 1 Yes. As I explained at the top of Page 9 of Α. 2 my testimony. 3 So, it's true, isn't it, that it would be Ο. 4 impossible for International Pacific to comply 5 literally with the terms of your request? б Α. I don't know. Certainly I recognize the 7 dilemma. As I went into this case, as I stated in my 8 testimony, the only published jurisdictional separation 9 procedures that I'm aware of for telecommunications 10 companies is 47 CFR Part 36. 11 Even if you had the Part 32 accounting Ο. 12 inputs for International Pacific, Part 36 would still 13 be inapplicable? I don't know about totally inapplicable. 14 Α. But I have listened to the testimony of Mr. Mean and to 15 the testimony of Mr. Olch, and they convinced me that 16 17 Part 36 really doesn't apply to the AOS companies. 18 ο. Part 36 hasn't always existed, has it? 19 Α. No. It became effective in January 1, 1988, Part 67. 20 21 Q. And Part 67 did not always exist prior to January of 1988, did it? 22 23 Α. I'm not aware of what the predecessor to 24 Part 67 was. But I certainly agree that the

25 separations procedures between state and interstate has (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 897 1 been an evolutionary process and has changed 2 continuously over time. 3 So, in making your decision to proceed on an Ο. 4 unseparated basis because there wasn't any applicable 5 jurisdictional separations procedure, did you do any 6 research as to what had occurred in the past under 7 similar circumstances? MS. BROWN: I would object. The question is 8 9 vague. 10 THE WITNESS: No. JUDGE FOSTER: Just wait a second and let me 11 12 rule on this. 13 Can you spell out what part is vague? MS. BROWN: There are two aspects. What 14 occurred in the past under similar circumstances and 15 16 without fleshing out when, what are the circumstances. 17 And the question is vaque and ambiguous. 18 Let's see if Mr. Damron can answer. 19 JUDGE FOSTER: Mr. Owens? 20 MR. OWENS: I don't believe it's vague at 21 all. He answered in a prior answer that he didn't 22 believe there were applicable jurisdictional 23 separations procedures. And I'm asking him if he 24 researched what had been done in the past when that

25 situation existed.

(DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 898 1 JUDGE FOSTER: The objection is overruled. 2 I'll allow the question. 3 THE WITNESS: I need the question repeated. 4 JUDGE FOSTER: Mr. Owens, do you want the 5 reporter to reread it? б MR. OWENS: I'll restate it. 7 BY MR. OWENS: 8 Ο. Did you do any research, Mr. Damron, in 9 deciding to proceed on an unseparated basis as to what 10 had happened in the past when the Commission was faced with a similar situation of no adopted separations 11 12 procedures? 13 My -- the answer is yes. The research was Α. not extensive. I simply knew from my own knowledge of 14 being nearly a twenty-year veteran of this Commission 15 16 that that has been the practice. 17 Since we were in a formal, very contentious 18 case, I did check with the Attorney General's office to 19 get an opinion from them if it was permissible to 20 proceed on a total-company basis, and they said yes. 21 That's the way I proceeded. That's the four corners of my research. As I stated in a number of 22 23 data requests, I certainly didn't go back and examine 24 each and every case that has come before this

25 Commission.

(DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 899 1 If the Washington Supreme Court in a written Q. 2 opinion -- the citation is 66 Washington 2d 411, 3 Pacific Northwest Bell versus the Utilities and 4 Transportation Commission -- discussed the history of 5 this indicating that the first separations manual б originated as a 1942 report prepared by a committee 7 composed of Federal Communications Commission and State 8 Commission representatives working jointly with 9 representatives of the American Telephone and Telegraph 10 Company, would you have any reason to dispute that? 11 I wouldn't have any reason to dispute that. Α. 12 That's 1940, fifty some years ago. That's certainly beyond my memory. 13 Now, the case of Smith versus Illinois Bell 14 ο. was decided in 1930. Would you accept that subject to 15 16 check? 17 Α. Subject to check, yes. 18 So, would it be reasonable to conclude that Ο. 19 the concerned parties, the State, the Federal, and the 20 regulated entity, got together after that and 21 negotiated parameters for use in separations? 22 Α. I'm aware that State and Federal 23 representatives have gotten together and negotiated. 24 But I have no idea as to when or what initiated those

25 negotiations.

(DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 900 1 But if the Supreme Court of Washington said Q. 2 what I told you just now that it said, that they worked 3 jointly with representatives of AT&T, would you have 4 any reason to dispute that? 5 Α. I'm not sure what I would be agreeing to or б disputing. I haven't examined that particular case. 7 MR. OWENS: May I approach the witness? 8 JUDGE FOSTER: Yes. 9 MS. BROWN: What have you provided him with? 10 A copy of the decision? MR. OWENS: Yes. 11 12 MS. BROWN: We'll stipulate that what is written in the opinion is written in the opinion. 13 You're asking him just to confirm that the opinion 14 states what it says; right? 15 16 MR. OWENS: I asked him if he had any reason 17 to dispute it. And he said he didn't know what he 18 would be agreeing to. MS. BROWN: Your Honor, I guess I'm going to 19 20 object. I think not only is the question asked and 21 answered, I think it is unfair to ask Mr. Damron 22 whether or not it would be reasonable to draw certain 23 conclusions in light of the fact that Mr. Damron has 24 already indicated that fifty plus years ago was a long

25 time ago, that he is not familiar with what transpired (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 901 at that time. 1 2 So, I would say not only asked and answered 3 but lack of foundation. If Mr. Owens wants to argue 4 these cases in brief and draw his own conclusions based 5 on what is written in those opinions, then that's fine. JUDGE FOSTER: Mr. Owens? б 7 MR. OWENS: Mr. Damron makes the statement 8 that there are only two alternatives available to the 9 Commission to proceed in a certain situation. And I'm 10 entitled to cross-examine him on the basis of that statement that there is another alternative and what he 11 12 did to investigate the existence of that alternative 13 before making the statement. JUDGE FOSTER: I'll allow the statement. 14 The objection is overruled. 15 BY MR. OWENS: 16 17 Q. So, would you have any reason to dispute 18 that representatives of the FCC and State Commissions worked with AT&T, the regulated entity, to come up with 19 20 the first separations following the Smith versus 21 Illinois Bell? 22 Α. It certainly sounds reasonable. At some 23 point they certainly did. 24 Q. Now, it's correct, isn't it, that you never

25 asked International Pacific in a data request until (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 902 after International Pacific filed its direct testimony 1 2 who prepared Exhibit C-9? 3 That would be correct. It's my Α. 4 understanding the discovery process cut-off date was 5 over, and we didn't have an opportunity to initiate б further discovery until after the Company's case was 7 filed. 8 Ο. You're under the understanding there was a 9 cut-off date for discovery? 10 Α. The initial discovery. I assume at some point --11 12 What was that date? Q. I have no idea. 13 Α. Didn't you submit additional discovery 14 ο. pretty much continuously over the period that this case 15 16 has been pending? 17 Α. Well, yes. I mean, there wasn't a need to 18 ask a specific name of the preparer of Exhibit C-9 19 until the Company brought that exhibit into issue in 20 their direct case. It was sufficient for my purposes 21 that it was sponsored by the Company, and I directed my 22 discovery to the Company. 23 It only became pertinent when Mr. Mean took 24 the stand and said that this was prepared under our

25 direction. And the next question was: Well, if it was (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 903 prepared under your direction, then who did prepare it. 1 2 And you never asked to depose the person who ο. 3 prepared it; is that right? 4 There wasn't a great deal of time to depose Α. 5 anyone between the time the Company filed its direct 6 case and we went to cross-examination. 7 ο. After receiving the document in November of 8 1992, you never asked to depose the preparer; is that 9 correct? 10 Α. No. We felt we could establish a sufficient 11 record through cross-examination. 12 So, the answer to my question is: Yes, it's Q. correct that you never asked to depose the preparer? 13 14 Α. Yes. It's also my recollection that you made a representation to this Commission that the 15 16 individual wasn't available because they were no longer 17 employed by this Commission -- by the Company, rather. 18 Are you saying that International Pacific Ο. 19 told the Commission that the Commission couldn't 20 subpoena someone for a deposition even if they weren't 21 an employee of International Pacific? 22 Α. No. 23 Q. And so it's possible that you could have 24 obtained the information that you say you didn't have

25 in terms of the sources of calculations by taking a (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 904 1 deposition; is that true? 2 Α. Well, I mean, I had the opportunity -- if 3 given the opportunity to examine it -- and we did 4 pursue the source of some of the material items and we 5 did find problems with those sources, which is б expressed in my testimony, Exhibit C-40, for example. 7 Ο. So, you're testifying now that you did have 8 all the information you needed to analyze Exhibit C-9? 9 Α. No. 10 ο. So, if it's your testimony that you didn't have all the information you needed, it's possible you 11 12 could have gotten that information by taking a deposition; is that true? 13 14 Α. It's certainly possible. Where the Company is the moving party on Exhibit C-9, I don't know how 15 16 much of a burden the Staff needs to assume in order to 17 try to rehabilitate some deficient document. 18 The answer is, yes, it's possible you could Ο. 19 have gotten the information that you didn't have to 20 analyze the source of calculations on Exhibit C-9 by 21 taking a deposition? 22 Α. It's possible that I might have achieved 23 that information. It's also possible that I might not 24 have been able to obtain the information I needed.

25 Now, if the information was contained in a Q. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 905 database that is the source information, do you know 1 2 whether or not necessarily inquiring of a database 3 would produce a written workpaper? 4 Α. It should produce something, either a 5 written workpaper or a mechanized response on disk. б It's my understanding that the Company maintains most 7 of its database in a so-called dBase III Plus format. 8 And that certainly could have been delivered to the 9 Staff. And I do -- am familiar with the dBase 3 10 language, and I could have analyzed it. You heard Mr. Mean's testimony that this 11 Q. 12 database consists of millions of call records, did you 13 not? 14 Α. He indicated it was a fairly large database. But I don't know how that -- dBase is a PC based 15 16 program. We have the capacity here to deal with that. 17 Ο. You don't know whether the way International 18 Pacific uses dBase is to operate that database or as 19 perhaps simply a report generator, do you? 20 Α. I have no idea how the Company developed 21 Exhibit C-9. And that's exactly my problem. 22 Ο. So, is it possible that Exhibit C-9 could 23 have been developed without any workpapers in addition 24 to what had been provided being prepared?

25 It's possible that anything could be Α. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 906 1 developed without workpapers. But I don't consider 2 that sufficient documentation, particularly when the 3 Company is the moving party. It seems it's encumbent 4 on them to provide some documentation to support their 5 calculation. б Q. It's possible that the document could have 7 been prepared without workpapers, as such, being 8 prepared, in addition to what were provided? 9 MS. BROWN: Asked and answered. 10 MR. OWENS: It was answered with a speech. 11 I'm entitled to a yes or no. 12 JUDGE FOSTER: I'll allow the question. The 13 objection is overruled. THE WITNESS: Not only is it possible, it's 14 apparently likely because I was unable to find much of 15 anything behind the very thin document that was 16 17 provided as a jurisdictional separations study. BY MR. OWENS: 18 Now, it's true, isn't it, that the 19 Ο. 20 workpapers that were produced were the subject of an 21 objection that was made on March 6, 1992, and was ruled on on October 10, 1992; correct? 22 23 Α. I'm not familiar with the specific dates. 24 But that sounds about right, yes.

25 So, the time between those dates, if you Q. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 907 1 would accept those dates for purposes of my question, 2 was consumed by the issue being before the tribunal for decision whether to uphold the objection; correct? 3 4 Α. Yes. And during that time the Company was 5 charging the rates that it's charging to the public. б Q. Is it your position that International 7 Pacific was not entitled to a hearing on its claim of 8 privilege? 9 Α. No. But I'm distressed at the amount of 10 time it has taken to resolve this issue. 11 Q. You're not saying International Pacific was 12 responsible for that amount of time, are you? 13 I think from the testimony of Mr. Soumas in Α. 14 the competitive classification case, he made it quite clear that they intended to drag these proceedings out 15 16 just as long as they possibly could. That's my 17 recollection of his testimony. 18 Now, if it's not the Company's responsibility for doing so, I don't know whose 19 20 responsibility it is. It certainly wasn't the Staff's 21 responsibility that this case has taken two years and 22 we're still not at a resolution. 23 Q. So, it's your testimony that International 24 Pacific controlled the time that the Administrative Law

25 Judge took to respond to its claim of privilege? (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 908 Well, considering the voluminous nature of 1 Α. 2 most of your briefs, Mr. Owens, I don't know that 3 that's all the fault of the Law Judge in terms of 4 wading through those documents. 5 Ο. So, your position is that International б Pacific was not entitled to a hearing on its claim of 7 privilege? 8 Α. They are entitled to all of their legal 9 rights, and they have certainly exercised each and 10 every one of them. And then it's your claim that, because of 11 Q. 12 International Pacific's voluminous briefs, International Pacific controlled the amount of time 13 that was taken to decide its claim of privilege; is 14 that right? 15 16 I don't think you can answer that one way or Α. 17 the other. Certainly they are the ones who objected to 18 the data requests. They are the ones who have pursued this case with a great deal of legal vigor, more so 19 20 than I have ever encountered in the twenty years of my 21 service with this Commission. 22 Now, if that's not having some control over 23 the timing of this thing, then I don't know what is. 24 ο. In the twenty years of your service with

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     this Commission, you have never tried a case seeking
        (DAMRON - Cross by Owens)
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 1
     to exercise the kind of rate reductions against a
 2
     company that you're seeking here. Isn't that true?
 3
         Α.
                What I spoke of before? Correct. My view
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     is I think that I am distressed at the amount of time
 5
     this case has taken, and I think it's -- and I have
 б
    expressed in my testimony why I feel it's taken this
 7
    amount of time.
                JUDGE FOSTER: Mr. Owens, is this a good
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 9
     time to take a break?
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                MR. OWENS: Certainly, your Honor.
                JUDGE FOSTER: Let's be off the record, and
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12
    we'll reconvene at 11:15.
13
               MS. BROWN: Thank you.
14
                (Recess.)
                JUDGE FOSTER: Let's be back on the record
15
16
    after our morning break.
17
               Mr. Owens, do you want to continue?
               MR. OWENS: Thank you, your Honor.
18
    BY MR. OWENS:
19
20
          Q.
               You're not saying, Mr. Damron, that
21
     International Pacific interfered with the
22
    Administrative Law Judge in the decision making in
23
    order to extend the time to consider the objection, are
24
    you?
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25 Α. No. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 910 1 At Page 10 of Exhibit CT-69, you state Q. 2 comparing Exhibit C-9 to Exhibit 29 that that 3 demonstrates that IPI's jurisdictional cost study is 4 far less sophisticated than taught by jurisdictional 5 separations experts. You have indicated already that 6 you believe Part 36 isn't technically or really 7 applicable to AOS companies; is that right? 8 Α. That's my conclusion, yes. 9 Q. And do you know of your own knowledge what 10 jurisdictional separations experts teach for separating 11 the results of an AOS company? 12 Α. I'm not aware of any experts that teach 13 separations exclusively for AOS companies. I believe they are nonexistent. 14 15 Are you aware of any experts that teach Q. 16 separations that include even as a subtopic AOS 17 companies? 18 Α. They include as a subtopic telephone 19 operations, which are part of a LECs operation. 20 Ο. You're not aware of any jurisdictional 21 separations experts that teach like a course module as 22 part of an overall course on AOS company separations, 23 are you? 24 Α. No. I hope it made it fairly clear in my

25 testimony there was no AOS-specific jurisdictional (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 911 separations procedures, experts, advice, or anything 1 2 else available for me to undertake a jurisdictional 3 separations of an AOS company. That's why I performed 4 my analysis on a total-company basis. 5 Ο. Did you ever contact anyone at International 6 Pacific to ask about the source of calculations in 7 IPI's Exhibit C-9? Only through discovery. Considering the 8 Α. 9 accusations we were getting from some of IPI's 10 personnel, I made absolutely no phone calls in an informal manner to IPI. I kept all of my 11 12 communications in a formal manner through 13 correspondence or I think I had one conference call 14 with the Company with counsel present. When you have audited Pacific Northwest 15 Q. 16 Bell, has it ever happened that the source of a 17 calculation in a Company-supplied workpaper was not 18 immediately apparent to you? 19 Α. That's true. 20 Ο. Did you in those cases contact the Company? 21 Or did you proceed on an unseparated basis? 22 Α. Well, U. S. West is a slightly different 23 situation. They come in on a jurisdictionally 24 separated basis per Part 36. So, my difficulties would

25 be with a particular calculation, not with the entirety (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 912 of trying to clarify each and every number that went 1 2 into their jurisdictional separations calculation. 3 It's true, isn't it, that for a local Q. 4 exchange company, and particularly for U. S. West, the 5 jurisdictional separations calculation involves many 6 millions of documents? 7 Α. It can, yes. 8 Ο. You don't ask that all those millions of 9 documents be produced as workpapers in such a 10 situation, do you? 11 Α. No. I usually try to persuade the Company 12 to produce workpapers where it's not just a few handwritten numbers on a page with virtually no source 13 14 documentation on it as to what the numbers represent or what the calculation is or anything else. There are 15 16 certainly layers of documentation. But the 17 documentation in Exhibit C-9 is extremely poor. 18 It's true, isn't it, that knowing that there Ο. 19 were no jurisdictional separations applicable or really 20 applicable to International Pacific, you never sought 21 to negotiate separations with International Pacific? 22 As I indicated in a couple of data requests, Α. 23 that opportunity did not materialize. The Company has 24 not offered to negotiate any piece of this case. We

25 did invite the Company to the negotiating table but (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 913 reached an impasse. 1 2 In terms of negotiating separations factors Ο. 3 in the face of your perception that there weren't any 4 that were applicable, you never sought to reach 5 agreement on that; is that right? б Α. No. Again, as the Company is the moving 7 party, I think the Staff's burden was somewhat less in 8 terms of its analysis of the Company-sponsored 9 calculation. 10 ο. So, your position is that it was the Company's burden to approach the Staff and ask for its 11 12 agreement to proceed on a separated basis when there 13 was no applicable separations procedures as you 14 understood it; is that right? Sorry. I don't understand your question. 15 Α. 16 Let's take it in steps. Q. 17 You stated previously that you believed that 18 there were no applicable separations procedures for International Pacific; is that right? 19 20 Α. True. 21 ο. Notwithstanding that, you asked the Company 22 to prepare separated results. And it's your position 23 that it was the Company's burden to approach you and 24 ask for agreement on the separations factors; is that

25 right?

(DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 1 Α. The Company can advance -- the answer is no. 2 The Company can advance any theory it wishes. It can 3 make any calculation it wishes. It can sponsor those 4 calculations before this Commission. 5 All I'm saying is that it's not the Staff's б burden to make a silk purse out of a sow's ear. 7 Q. So, if I understand correctly, it's not your 8 position that International Pacific needed to approach 9 you to negotiate separations factors in the face of 10 Part 36 not being applicable; is that right? In terms of overall negotiations, I don't 11 Α. 12 know that I can answer that yes or no. If you will 13 permit me to explain? 14 Early in this case we invited the Company to a negotiation table to try to negotiate these issues. 15 16 We reached an impasse. We invited the Company to 17 consider what Staff's proposals were and to come back 18 if they so chose to continue with those negotiations. 19 They never did. 20 When you look at that and you look at the 21 attitude expressed by Mr. Soumas in the competitive 22 classification case where he essentially stated that 23 the Company was determined to litigate this case to the 24 full extent of the law as long as they could, frankly,

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25 I didn't feel that negotiation was an option, not with (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 915

1 a company with this type of an attitude.

2 In terms of the separations calculations, 3 the Company was the moving party. It is the Company 4 who advanced the theory that jurisdictional separations 5 were an absolute must. We requested workpapers. What б we got was deficient. What we got was very late. We 7 were almost a full year into the case before we had 8 anything that we could analyze. And what we did have 9 was very thin and very poor in documentation.

Personally, I didn't want to see this thing drag on for three or four more years while we battled over additional discovery and additional this and additional that when it was the Company who was the moving party regarding jurisdictional separations.

And I think in that situation where the Staff initially did extend a hand and said, "Let's sit down and talk about this," and the Company did not come back, that, yes, the ball was in the Company's court to come back if they so chose to say, "We would like to negotiate this issue or that issue," et cetera.

I didn't really feel, considering the attitude expressed by this Company, that continually requesting further negotiations from the Company was going to bear any fruit. They certainly knew that we 25 were ready to sit down and talk. We made that quite (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 916 clear to the Company. 1 2 So, when you say that the Company was the Ο. 3 moving party on jurisdictional separations, do I 4 understand that to mean that you believe you have no 5 burden at all to produce a separated case as part of 6 your burden of proof? 7 Α. That as I have stated is the advice of 8 counsel. When we went into this case, jurisdictional 9 separations were nonexistent. 10 ο. The answer is yes? The answer is yes. 11 Α. 12 On Page 11 you claim that International Q. Pacific enjoys approximately fifty percent of the 13 Washington AOS market. 14 Isn't it true that, based on calendar 1991 15 16 Washington intrastate operating revenues, International 17 Pacific has approximately ten percent of the AOS 18 market, and that's shown by Mr. Wilson's Exhibit 30 in docket UT-920546? 19 20 Α. I can accept that subject to check. My 21 reference was to the fifty percent market share was to 22 the citation in Exhibit C-26, Pages 23 and 36, I 23 believe --24 MS. BROWN: 33.

THE WITNESS: -- wherein it was claimed in 25 (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 917 that document that the Company enjoyed approximately 1 2 fifty percent market share. 3 BY MR. OWENS: 4 Q. But the universe of private payphones would 5 not include the LEC-owned payphones, would it? 6 Α. I had no idea of what statistic was involved 7 in the claim made in Exhibit C-26. 8 Ο. You don't know what your statistic really 9 means then. Is that a fair statement? 10 Α. It depends on whether you define LECs and AT&T as an AOS company. They are an AOS provider. 11 12 Whether they are an AOS company is another question. 13 The LECs own payphones and AT&T owns Ο. payphones, do they not? 14 They certainly do. 15 Α. 16 Now, is it possible that the International Q. 17 Pacific's operations in the interstate jurisdiction are 18 profitable? 19 Α. It's not only probable, but it's very highly 20 likely. 21 Q. And is it possible that International 22 Pacific's operations in other state jurisdictions are 23 profitable? 24 Α. I would expect that they are. Some

25 jurisdictions, they aren't even regulated. I talked to (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 918 the Idaho Staff, and they said that you could charge 1 2 \$10 a call and they couldn't touch you because they do 3 not regulate AOS in Idaho. And I don't believe they 4 regulate AOS in Oregon. 5 Presumably the Company can just have at the 6 end user without any interference from regulation. 7 ο. Is it possible that carriers with intrastate 8 rates lower than International Pacific's are operating 9 at a loss in Washington intrastate operations? 10 Α. I guess. You continually ask is it possible. And I guess my response to this question or 11 12 any further questions you make is in most cases 13 anything is possible. But the reverse is also 14 possible. It's just simply conjecture. The answer is I don't know. 15 16 Q. You don't know if it's possible? 17 Α. Let's not get into that. Certainly it's 18 possible. It's also possible that it isn't possible. Q. 19 Well, one of those statements has to be 20 untrue, doesn't it, Mr. Damron? 21 Α. Yes. The problem is discovering which one 22 is true, and I don't think this record is going to bear 23 any fruit in terms of discovering which one is. 24 ο. Your testimony is that International

25 Pacific's jurisdictional separations study defies logic (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 919 and common sense. And so I'm asking you isn't it true 1 2 that it's possible for a carrier other than International Pacific with rates lower than 3 4 International Pacific to be operating at a loss in 5 intrastate operations? 6 Α. It's possible. But it's highly unlikely 7 that with IPI having virtually the highest rates in the 8 state, perhaps not the highest but one of the highest 9 rates in the state, that we have something like 56 or 10 more AOS companies registered out there, and we're not 11 hearing any of them coming to the Commission and 12 saying, "We're losing money here, and we need to raise 13 the rates." We're not hearing that. And it would seem like with 56 companies or so out there, if their rates 14 were deficient, we would hear that from somebody. 15 16 But we don't hear that claim. So, I don't

10 Dut we don't hear that that that that that is only 1 don't 17 think that's a possibility. I think it's very remote 18 that we have 56 companies operating in this state that 19 are all operating at a loss and are content to do so 20 without coming to this Commission and trying to say, 21 "We need higher rates and this is why."

Q. Maybe you misunderstood my question. I
didn't ask you whether it was possible that they were
all operating at a loss. I just asked if it was

25 possible that some might be operating at a loss. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 1 If they are not an efficiently run Α. 2 operation, they certainly may be operating at a loss. 3 A well-run operation certainly should be able to do 4 well considering some of the claims in Exhibit C-26 5 about 22 percent returns. 6 Q. Is it possible that if International Pacific 7 were operating profitably in the interstate and 8 other-state jurisdictions, it could operate at a loss 9 in Washington and still have an overall profit? 10 Α. It's possible. It's not very probable 11 considering the magnitude of the Washington operation 12 compared to the remaining operations of IPI. 13 Washington is an extremely dominant portion of the 14 Company's total operations. It would be very hard to sustain the loss that they are claiming in this state 15 16 and still be reporting the overall achieved returns 17 that they are. 18 Isn't it true that International Pacific's Ο. 19 most-used interstate rates are higher on a comparable 20 mileage and time of day basis than its Washington 21 intrastate rates? 22 Α. Yes. It's also true that interstate costs 23 may be higher than intrastate costs.

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24 Q. But you don't know?

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2	2

A. But I don't know.

(DAMRON - Cross by Owens)

1 Is it possible for a company that is Q. 2 operating at a loss to experience a growth in sales? 3 Certainly possible. I think with this Α. 4 Company, where their costs tend to be volume driven, 5 with the economies of scale and the volume discounts 6 that they would achieve at the higher level, that it's 7 unlikely that they would be driven into a loss position by increasing its business, particularly considering 8 9 some of the objectives and markups and what not that 10 are described in Exhibit C-26 about how they go about 11 their business in deriving their charges in their 12 contracts. 13 Have you finished your answer? Q. 14 Α. Yes. Your testimony at Page 11 is that you're 15 Q.

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16 told by IPI's own witnesses that IPI has experienced 17 phenomenal growth since the 1991 test period. And the 18 reference you give there is to growth in sales, isn't 19 it?

20 A. True.

21 Q. So, that's subsequent to the 1991 test 22 period; correct?

A. Yes. Exhibit C-26 also states that theCompany operated at a profit through 1992.

25 Q. Beginning with the first quarter in 1991; (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 922 1 right? 2 Α. Yes. 3 ο. But that's an overall profit for Impact, 4 isn't it? 5 Α. Presumably, yes. б Q. Did Impact acquire a company in 1993? 7 Α. Acquire a company? 8 Ο. Yes. 9 I'm not certain of the dates. I know they Α. 10 have affiliates, NTA. But I thought that occurred in 11 August of '92. I'm not too familiar with their 12 affiliate transactions. The Company hasn't filed any 13 application on the Commission on that associate. Is it your position that they need to file 14 ο. 15 an application if the owners of the holding company purchase stock of an existing company? 16 17 Α. No. I'm referring to RCW 80.16.020 18 regarding dealings with affiliate interests must be approved. That's the reference I had in my testimony 19 20 regarding affiliate transactions. 21 Q. International Pacific hasn't sought to 22 include any dealings with NTA as a pro forma 23 adjustment, has it? 24 Α. It hasn't sought to make any pro forma

25 adjustment.

(DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 923 1 So, is the answer, no, it hasn't? Q. 2 Α. Not for the test period. The acquisition of 3 NTA occurred after the test period. 4 Q. You state at the bottom of Page 11 that 5 you're advised by counsel that unapproved affiliate б transactions are subject to disallowance by the 7 Commission for ratemaking purposes. 8 Do you have a specific transaction that 9 you're proposing to disallow on that basis? 10 Α. Yes. I believe I discussed in my direct testimony regarding accounts receivable financing that 11 12 I proposed a disallowance of the entire amount. I 13 suggested that the lion's share of those amounts were related to an Degerston. I would refer you to my 14 direct testimony, Page 48, and also Page 88 where I 15 16 discussed those transactions. D E. 17 Ο. Page 12, Exhibit CT-69, you state that you 18 attempted to obtain the underlying documentation in support of Exhibit C-9, and that was when IPI filed 19 20 its case in August 1993. 21 Now, Mr. Mean indicated that there weren't 22 any additional workpapers to Exhibit C-9, isn't that 23 true, in response to a data request? 24 Α. He did. He also produced Exhibit C-40,

25 which was defective and was an underlying detail tied (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 924 to Exhibit C-9. 1 2 But you had never asked prior to your Staff Ο. 3 Request 301 for the information that was produced on 4 Exhibit C-40. Isn't that true? 5 Α. I asked for all underlying workpapers. б Q. But if the information wasn't on a 7 workpaper, you didn't ask for it. Isn't that true? 8 Α. If the Company was careless enough to 9 prepare all of their documentation without workpapers, 10 then certainly it was not on the workpaper. They don't have any workpaper to produce. That follows. 11 12 And you could have asked for that same Ο. 13 information at any time after you received Exhibit C-9 in November of 1992; correct? 14 Yes. Again, the Company is the moving party 15 Α. 16 regarding separations. We didn't feel compelled to ask 17 more than once for documentation. 18 You asked for documentation, but you didn't Ο. ask for that information even once until Exhibit 301; 19 20 correct? 21 Α. That's when it was reintroduced into the 22 record and became an issue, yes. 23 Q. Now, you said something to the effect that 24 as response to Staff Request 301 -- and it's true,

25 isn't it, that Staff Request 301 was part of a group of (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 925 189 data requests that you submitted to International 1 2 Pacific and to which International Pacific had three 3 weeks to respond? 4 Α. True. Most of those data requests were in 5 the form of just requiring a simple one or two-sentence answer, though. It wasn't asking for voluminous б 7 documentation. 8 Ο. Some of those requests had multiple 9 components, didn't they? 10 Α. Some did; some did not. And No. 301 was the concluding data request 11 Ο. 12 in that series, wasn't it? It was the last one IPI received? 13 14 Α. It was. And IPI's initial response was that a study 15 Q. 16 would be required. And then the following day they submitted the response, didn't they? 17 18 Α. That's true, which was rather curious. I don't know why they would need to conduct a study to --19 20 reconduct a study to derive a number that they had 21 previously transmitted to us six/eight months earlier. You listened to Mr. Mean's testimony about 22 Ο. 23 the call records being contained on tape reels that had 24 to be accessed in order to get that information, did

25 you not?

(DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 926 1 That's his testimony. But it's also my Α. 2 experience when you prepare a study you usually attempt 3 to summarize that. You just don't put your hand over a 4 set of tapes and say this is the answer. 5 Q. Does everybody conduct a study in the same б way you do? 7 Α. Apparently not. 8 Ο. Now, beginning on Page 12 and continuing on 9 to Page 14, you discuss Exhibit C-40. And then at the 10 end of your testimony, beginning at Page 70, you continue that discussion in reference to the response 11 12 to Record Requisitions 3 and 4; is that correct? Α. 13 Yes. 14 ο. Now, do you have any knowledge as to whether or not International Pacific stores its Lotus 15 spreadsheet files on a network? 16 17 Α. No. Is it possible that if International Pacific 18 Ο. 19 stored the files that it provided to you in response to 20 Record Requisition 3 on a network, that the date that 21 would be shown when the file was down loaded so that it 22 could be provided to you would be the date it was down 23 loaded as opposed to the date it was originally

24 created?

25 No, that's not my understanding of that Α. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 927 1 function. 2 Have you investigated it? Ο. 3 We have a network at the Commission. And Α. 4 the file date does not change if you move a file on and 5 off the network. б Q. Do all networks operate the same way in that 7 regard? 8 Α. I think they are following a DOS operating 9 system. And I believe DOS works in that fashion. 10 ο. You reviewed the interoffice memorandum of Sharon Siers that International Pacific provided, which 11 12 was Exhibit 80. You draw some conclusions from the 13 formula that you found for the computation of intrastate billable minutes and billable calls; is that 14 15 correct? 16 At the conclusion of my testimony, yes. Α. 17 Ο. It's correct, isn't it, that when you save 18 over a worksheet, the original data entries, if they 19 were changed, are not retrievable in the old worksheet? 20 Α. Regrettably, yes, unless you have a backup. 21 Q. So, when Miss Siers in her memo said that 22 she made the appropriate corrections, is it possible 23 that she changed some formulas? 24 Α. Quite possible she did a number of things of

25 which I'm not aware precisely what that was. That was (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 928 the cause of the concern. 1 2 ο. So, if Miss Siers were to explain what she 3 did, it's possible that you could conclude that there 4 is nothing wrong with the document? 5 MS. BROWN: Object. It certainly calls for б speculation. Mr. Damron is not qualified to render an 7 opinion as to what went on in Ms. Sharon Sier's mind or 8 what she did. 9 MR. OWENS: I'm simply asking him if she 10 explained what she did, whether it's possible that he could conclude there is nothing wrong with the 11 12 document. 13 JUDGE FOSTER: I'll allow the witness to answer if he knows. 14 THE WITNESS: Again, anything is possible. 15 16 I believe the Company was given an opportunity to offer 17 an explanation, and my testimony is that it is 18 inadequate. BY MR. OWENS: 19 20 ο. So, what you would consider adequate is a 21 recapitulation cell by cell of what was changed? 22 Α. Well, there is no way of going back and 23 unringing the bell. If they overwrote the file, we'll 24 never know for certain. It's just my examination of

25 what occurred, how it occurred, what numbers were in (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 929 error, how the formulas were worked, how the data would 1 2 have flowed into that exhibit, and how it would have 3 worked. 4 From what I can see, it appears the Company 5 started with the totals and worked back. That was the б best explanation I could come up with. The last number 7 they worked with back to was the Washington figure. 8 That would explain why the number at the top of the 9 sheet is wrong, but everything else is right. 10 You don't usually prepare a spreadsheet with 11 formula at the top. You usually start at the top of a 12 column and develop your formula, and then you copy that formula down. And if you do so, then how would the 13 14 Line 1 formula be wrong but the rest of them be right? It doesn't make sense. 15 16 It's possible, isn't it, that that method Ο. 17 was part of the correction, putting that formula in 18 there? 19 Α. Yes. I'm certain that it was because, when 20 I examined the files that were transmitted to me, the 21 formulas were inserted. That's my answer. I don't 22 know if I responded to your question or not.

23 Q. You read the memorandum where Miss Siers24 said that she put this response together by taking

25 material from another spreadsheet in an effort to save (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 930 1 time. 2 Do you recall that? 3 Α. Yes. 4 Q. Is it possible that when you transpose 5 information from one source and begin to use it for a б different purpose, that that could be the source of an 7 error, especially when there is a time constraint? It's possible. I'm just examining what 8 Α. 9 happened and how it happened. 10 The question that I pose at the end of my testimony is: If intrastate is mathematically derived 11 12 by taking the total minus interstate -- and we see in 13 the exhibit where intrastate is correct, but interstate 14 is not, it's quite obvious to me what the Company did was went to the top of the column and, instead of using 15 16 the formula, they simply input what they wanted as the 17 intrastate figure as a direct input rather than deriving it by formula. And they probably did that 18 19 because they wanted to back into that number. 20 ο. Isn't it true that the Washington intrastate 21 amounts in Exhibit C-40 and C-67 agree with the 22 corresponding amounts that were provided to you in 23 Attachment 58, which was IPI's response to Staff 24 Request 51?

25 Α. I don't know about the attachment numbers. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 931 But the data that was provided to me after the fact 1 2 with the postdated files certainly agreed with the 3 exhibit. 4 Q. Attachment 58 responds to Staff Request 51, 5 which was provided to you a long time ago, wasn't it? б Α. I have no idea. 7 Q. Wasn't Attachment 58 provided to you on 8 November 10, 1992? 9 MR. OWENS: May I approach the witness? 10 JUDGE FOSTER: Yes. THE WITNESS: (Reading.) This appears to be 11 12 a document that was provided at that approximate time. I would have to check with my files on the desk over 13 there to determine precisely what this is. But I can 14 certainly accept that subject to check. 15 BY MR. OWENS: 16 17 ο. And can you also accept subject to check 18 that the Washington intrastate amounts on that document 19 for calls and billable minutes agree with the amounts 20 on Exhibit C-40 and Exhibit C-67? 21 Α. Certainly. They also agree with Exhibit 22 C-9. But this is a summary. It's not the underlying 23 detail that the Company would have relied on to develop 24 it.

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               JUDGE FOSTER: Is this a good time to take a
       (DAMRON - Cross by Owens)
                                                          932
1
    break?
 2
               MR. OWENS: Certainly, your Honor.
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               JUDGE FOSTER: Let's take our lunch break at
    this time. Let's be off the record.
 4
 5
               (At 12:00 noon the above hearing was
 б
    recessed until 1:30 p.m. of the same day.)
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1 OLYMPIA, WASHINGTON; WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1993 2 1:30 P.M. 3 --00000--4 5 JUDGE FOSTER: Let's be back on the record б after our lunch recess. Before we broke for lunch, Mr. 7 Owens was questioning the witness, and I see you have 8 more questions. 9 MR. OWENS: Yes, your Honor. 10 JUDGE FOSTER: Go ahead. 11 12 C R O S S - E X A M I N A T I O N 13 (continued) 14 BY MR. OWENS: 15 Mr. Damron, I had asked you a question about Q. 16 down loading a file from a network, and I guess maybe I 17 need to ask another question: Is it correct that you could down load the 18 19 file from the network to a diskette by simply telling the network to copy the file to the diskette? Is that 20 21 one way? 22 Α. Yes. And in that situation, the date that the 23 Q. 24 file was last changed would remain unaltered by the

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25 copying process; is that right?
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(DAMRON - Cross by Owens)

1 A. That's true.

2 Alternatively, if you wanted to make sure Ο. 3 that you had the right file, if you opened the file and 4 then saved it to the diskette, would the date change? 5 Α. If you brought it up into a piece of б software such as Lotus and then resaved it to the 7 diskette, that would change the current date of the 8 computer.

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9 Q. Now, I had asked you about Attachment 58. 10 Is it correct that the total company amounts for billed 11 calls and billed minutes on Exhibit C-40 and Exhibit 12 C-67 agree with the corresponding amounts on Exhibit 13 C-9?

14 A. Yes.

Q. Is it correct that the adjustment that you proposed in Exhibit C-41 would have increased the allocation of costs to Washington intrastate, other things being equal?

A. I wasn't actually proposing an adjustment.
I was just trying to find a way to reconcile why the
thing didn't put and cross put. The simplest way I
could do that would be to insert the numbers that I
did. But I wasn't proposing an adjustment.
Q. But mathematically, if that adjustment had

25	been carried through into a separations factor
	(DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 935
1	calculation, it would have had that effect?
2	A. It would have.
3	Q. Do you know whether or not the database that
4	International Pacific uses could be directly linked to
5	a Lotus spreadsheet?
6	A. Lotus can access dBase databases, yes. I
7	don't know if I can do it directly, but they could
8	certainly load it. You can convert. There is a
9	translation program in Lotus that allows you to
10	translate a dBase database into a Lotus file or the
11	reverse.
12	Q. But another way to make use of information
13	generated with a dBase report generator would be to
14	take the information and manually transfer it to a
15	Lotus spreadsheet?
16	A. One could do that. It's a little bit risky,
17	and in other words, once you have the number, your
18	best bet is to transfer that number without having to
19	rekey it in.
20	Q. Do you have experience in auditing a
21	database?
22	A. Certainly.
23	Q. How do you do that?
24	A. Well, I guess if you're dealing with an

25 example of the dBase database, you print it out. You (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 936 1 can summarize the data. You can generate reports from that data. Any number of ways you can audit the data. 2 It depends on what type of information you're trying to 3 4 derive from the database and what fields are there and 5 what information is there. 6 I don't know how more responsive I can be 7 with that kind of a general question. 8 Ο. You didn't perform any such audit of the IPI 9 calls for billing records database in this case; is 10 that right? 11 Α. I was never provided with that database, and I think we asked for it. We certainly asked for it at 12 the last hearing. 13 14 ο. That's what I'm trying to get at. You heard Mr. Mean testify that the database consisted of 15 16 voluminous tapes with millions of individual records, 17 and I'm trying to understand, if you were to perform an 18 audit of that, how would you go about it? What would IPI have needed to do to provide the information you 19 20 needed? 21 Α. Well, I'm not intimately familiar with IPI's 22 mechanized system. But I would imagine that certainly 23 you can generate a lot of records when you're talking

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about billing records.

25 A tape is simply -- I would imagine that (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 937 they would accumulate the data. It's probably in 1 2 dBase. DBase will hold I believe as much as a billion records, which is certainly sufficient to handle the 3 4 data, monthly or annual, that might be generated by 5 IPI. б That data then presumably when transferred 7 to U. S. West or to ZPDI for billing purposes was 8 probably down loaded on a tape. But a tape is just 9 simply a storage vehicle. It's not the database. 10 The database is, from what I have seen of the documentation of IPI, most of what I have seen in 11 12 terms of database format has been in a dBase format. At Page 15 of Exhibit CT-69, you criticized 13 Ο. 14 Mr. Olch for not understanding the notion of such terms as "accuracy" and "audit." And you give some transcript 15 16 references. 17 Isn't it true that Mr. Olch indicated that 18 he was not prepared to agree with the term "accuracy" in 19 connection with jurisdictional separations because he 20 understood that it presumed there was a single correct 21 way to allocate? 22 Α. I believe that was his testimony. 23 Q. And you testified in cross of your case, in

24 chief, that jurisdictional allocations can be motivated

25 by political considerations, didn't you? (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 938 1 Α. Certainly, when we're talking methodology. 2 But that's not accuracy. When you're talking about 3 accuracy, I'm talking about the underlying 4 documentation that at least the allocators derived were 5 derived from data that is reliable, auditable, and б accurate and that they fairly represent the Company's 7 operations for a particular period or the activity for 8 that period. 9 Now, certainly we can argue about 10 methodology, and there is one method rather than another that can be argued certainly. But in terms of 11 12 accuracy, I'm talking about the derivation of the 13 underlying data and what that data is used for and is it reliable? Can it be verified? Can it be audited? 14 Is it indeed reflective of the Company's activities for 15 16 the test period? 17 That's my understanding of accuracy. And I 18 should surely think that Mr. Olch would be able to pick 19 up on that concept. 20 Q. At Page 15 you argue that Mr. Olch 21 demonstrated that he had never looked at the IPI study 22 before. And that's your conclusion, isn't it? 23 Α. I think his words were he might have glanced 24 at it.

25 Your counsel didn't ask him whether he had Q. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 939 looked at the study before, did she? 1 2 I believe there is one question where she Α. 3 asked him, "Isn't it true that you have never looked at 4 this before?" 5 And his comment was, "I might have glanced б at it." 7 ο. She asked him whether he was aware of a 8 particular number of point three of two as being the 9 revenue allocator. Wasn't that the question? 10 Α. Yes, that was one of the four allocators that was used in the case. 11 12 And she asked him whether it wouldn't be Ο. appropriate to allocate the costs, unbillable costs, 13 14 using the revenue allocator. And he testified that, in fact, the revenue allocator was not used to allocate 15 unbillable call costs. Isn't that true? 16 17 Α. That's my recollection of his testimony. 18 You asked yourself the question on Page 16 Ο. 19 of how Mr. Mean verified the accuracy of the underlying 20 documentation supporting the calculations in Exhibit 21 C-9. Mr. Mean wasn't asked that question on the stand, 22 was he? 23 Α. He was asked whether he looked at the 24 underlying documentation of what was there in Exhibit

25 C-9. We asked him if he understood what dBase 3 (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 940 commands meant in that underlying documentation. 1 He 2 said he did not understand dBase 3 language. 3 He wasn't asked whether anyone working under Q. 4 his supervision was instructed to prepare reports using 5 appropriate dBase commands, was he? б Α. I don't recall that that question was put to 7 the witness, no. 8 Ο. You indicate also on Page 16 that you 9 discovered that the billing statistics and revenue for 10 the hospitality business as well as subscriber commissions had to be estimated since IPI had no 11 12 division of those amounts by jurisdiction. Mr. Mean testified that estimate was based on a sample of one 13 14 month out of the year; is that right? I believe he actually testified it was based 15 Α. 16 on a sample out of two months out of two separate 17 years. I'm not too clear that the sample taken was 18 presented in C-9. There isn't any regulation that forbids the 19 Ο. 20 use of estimates that you're aware of in performing 21 separations, is there? 22 Α. No, there isn't any regulation. But in 23 terms of an auditor and considering the 24 motel/hospitality business, it's a very small part of

25 this Company's operation. I felt that the one (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 941 statistic was that hospitality was roughly seven 1 2 percent of the Company's operations. And I think if 3 you have 93 percent actual data that it's really not 4 necessary to try to estimate that remaining seven 5 percent. I think you would be better off using the 93 6 actual rather than 93 actual/7 percent estimate. 7 ο. Well, you're using the 93 percent as an 8 estimate for the missing seven percent, aren't you? 9 Yes. You're using a 93 percent sample Α. 10 instead of a one-month sample. 11 Q. Now, you state that under IPI's separations 12 scheme, a non-Washington end user can and, in fact, does on average use the phone for twice the duration of 13 time, but without having to pay twice the cost for this 14 usage. That's at Page 18. 15 16 Α. Yes. 17 ο. Doesn't your Exhibit C-73 --MR. OWENS: May I have a moment, your Honor? 18 19 I'm trying to find the reference. (Reading.) BY MR. OWENS: 20 21 ο. Page 4 shows approximately twice the revenue 22 per billed call for interstate as for intrastate for 23 Washington? 24 Α. You're looking at Exhibit C-73, Page 4?

Right. 25 Q. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 942 1 Which line are you looking at? Α. 2 ο. Line 1. 3 Α. (Reading.) And you're comparing billable 4 calls or billable minutes. 5 Ο. Revenue per billable call. б Α. Revenue per billable call for interstate --7 Q. We're trying to have this be a non-confidential session. I asked you if it was 8 9 approximately twice. Can you agree with that? 10 Α. Yes; which is reasonable. If you talk for a longer time, you're probably billed longer, for more 11 12 minutes. It's correct, isn't it, that IPI's network 13 ο. costs are allocated under its study according to 14 15 billable minutes? 16 Which category of expense? Α. 17 Ο. Network costs. 18 Α. Yes. And I did the same in my adjustment. And IPI's subscriber commissions in its 19 Q. 20 study are not allocated based on the actual contracts. 21 They are based on the actual contracts and actual calls 22 and revenue produced during the year; is that right? 23 Α. It's not totally accurate. It's essentially 24 accurate. As I indicated and we discussed a few

25	minutes ago, the commissions for the hospitality
	(DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 943
1	sections were estimated.
2	Q. For the payphone sector, though, you would
3	agree?
4	A. Yes.
5	Q. Is it correct that if IPI owned the pay
6	telephone, that would be considered
7	non-traffic-sensitive plant?
8	A. Payphone itself?
9	Q. Yes.
10	A. Yes, it probably would.
11	Q. And it's also true that the cost of the pay
12	telephone and the cost of the subscriber premises does
13	not vary according to the number of minutes of use that
14	are put on the pay telephone?
15	A. Certainly the bill that the aggregator
16	receives varies with minutes of use.
17	Q. Maybe you didn't understand my question.
18	The pay telephone costs approximately \$1500;
19	is that right?
20	A. I have no idea.
21	Q. All right. Would you agree that the cost of
22	the pay telephone as a piece of equipment does not vary
23	in accordance with the number of minutes of use that
24	are put over that pay telephone?

25 Not in an ordinary sense in terms of you use Α. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 944 1 it; you get billed for the usage. It's certainly if 2 you assume that wear and tear equates to usage, then 3 you use something longer, obviously, you're going to 4 cause more wear and tear on that particular piece of 5 machinery. 6 So, in that sense, I would think it is usage 7 sensitive in that context. You don't have any studies or analyses to 8 Q. 9 support that conclusion, do you? 10 Α. No. Only experience. I prepared a cost study, coin telephone cost study, for telephone 11 12 utilities of Washington some years ago. And one of the 13 assertions in that case was the -- regarding the wear 14 and tear on the telephone booth and vandalism, et 15 cetera. Q. 16 Vandalism doesn't have anything to do with 17 the number of minutes of use that are put across the phone, does it? 18 19 Α. No. But the longer you stand that 20 telephone, the more you get vandalized. 21 ο. You can vandalize it even if you don't stand 22 inside the booth. Isn't that true? 23 Α. I suppose. 24 Q. Is it correct that the cost of the site

25	owners' premises doesn't vary with the number of
	(DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 945
1	minutes of use that are put over a pay telephone
2	located on that premises?
3	A. Well, it may not vary with the usage of the
4	telephone, but it certainly would vary with time. It's
5	the premise is that if they pay taxes on it,
6	insurance, and so forth, that's sort of a
7	time-sensitive type of expense.
8	Q. So, because they have a time-sensitive
9	expense, is that your justification why you believe
10	that minutes of use is an appropriate allocator for
11	subscriber commissions that cover those time-sensitive
12	costs?
13	A. No. I think I stated in my testimony that I
14	feel it's a reasonable allocator and equitable
15	allocator since it allocates the cost based on the
16	amount of time that the end user actually uses the
17	facilities provided by the site provider and the
18	aggregator.
19	Q. Is the answer to my question no?
20	A. I'll have to have the question repeated.
21	Q. The question was: Is it then your position
22	that because subscriber premises owners pay
23	time-sensitive costs such as taxes on their premises,
24	that is why it is appropriate that subscriber

25 commissions that cover those types of costs should be (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 946 allocated on the basis of billable minutes? 1 2 Α. I suppose I could add that to my reasoning. 3 But that wasn't my original reasoning. My reasoning was as I just stated. 4 5 Ο. So, in this situation you prefer an б allocation rather than direct assignment? 7 Α. Of the subscriber commissions? 8 Ο. Yes. 9 If by direct assignment you mean leaving it Α. 10 as it was collected, I have a considerable amount of testimony in here stating why that is not equitable for 11 12 the end user. So, yes, I would resist that in favor of -- if we're going to insist on complying with 13 relative use legal requirements, I think minutes of use 14 is a fair allocator. 15 Calls is also relative use, isn't it? 16 Q. 17 Α. It is. It becomes a matter of judgment as 18 to which is the best allocator for each type of expense 19 and category, and I'll stand by my testimony regarding 20 that particular category. 21 And the way that the subscriber commissions Q. 22 were actually collected is also based on relative use, 23 isn't it? 24 Α. I don't know in terms of a

25 dollar-per-dollar. Obviously if we charge higher (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 947 commission in one place than you do in others, then 1 2 you're not going to get a one-for-one type of 3 allocation based on relative use. You may get a lot 4 more from one user and a lot less from another. So, I 5 don't know that that's an appropriate way to allocate. 6 Q. But the commissions are a function of the 7 percentage times the actual charges collected for the 8 call, aren't they? 9 They are a markup based on what the market Α. 10 will bear at that particular site. So, is the answer yes? 11 Q. 12 I believe that's a yes. Α. You stated on Page 18 that Mr. Olch agreed 13 Ο. that implicit in IPI's use of billable calls allocated 14 is the assumption that the cost of each call is 15 16 approximately the same. 17 Now, isn't it true that at that transcript 18 reference what Mr. Olch said was that the cost of each call or the cost of each type of call was similar? 19 20 Α. Yes. I considered that synonymous, similar 21 and approximately the same. 22 Ο. That's your conclusion, isn't it? 23 Well, if my conclusion is wrong, then Α. 24 perhaps he is agreeing with me.

25 Q. Mr. Olch stated on the next page of the (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 948 1 transcript that Part 36 does not try to establish a 2 cost of a call, didn't he? 3 Α. I would have to look at that transcript. 4 But subject to check. Is it true that by definition 5 Ο. б non-traffic-sensitive plant does not have a 7 relationship between cost and relative usage? 8 Α. That's the assumption, yes. 9 You testify at Page 23 there is really no Q. 10 way to determine whether the use in IPI's study of unweightable billable calls as an allocator distorts 11 12 the allocation of operator systems in related expenses. 13 Is that your testimony? 14 Α. Yes. You say there is no way to determine that 15 Q. 16 from the available information. 17 Α. Yes. 18 Now, isn't it true that you could have from Ο. the available information created an allocator to the 19 20 State of Washington by comparing total calls to 21 Washington calls? Is that one step that you could have 22 taken? 23 Α. I believe that's precisely what the Company 24 did. They took unweighted billable calls and compared

25 it.

(DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 949 1 Maybe you didn't understand my question. Q. Ι 2 said total Washington calls to total Company calls. 3 Α. I'm not sure what that would give you. 4 Q. That could give you an allocator for 5 Washington as a percent of total Company; correct? 6 Α. To compare Washington statistic to total, 7 that's what you get. 8 Q. Then you could create a calculation of a 9 weighted standard work second allocator for Washington 10 intrastate, could you not? 11 Not with the available data, no. There are Α. 12 no time and motion studies available. And as I 13 testified in my testimony, it's questionable whether the available standard work second charts are relevant 14 either to this Company or to present data. So, I don't 15 16 know where you would get that statistic. 17 ο. The Company produced information that's in 18 the exhibits that were offered but not received for standard work seconds for credit card ACP, credit card 19 20 operator handled, collect, and third-party calls, did 21 it not? 22 Α. I recall those exhibits. I did not examine 23 them in detail. 24 ο. Doesn't your Exhibit 72 say that the

25 standard work seconds can be accumulated by software (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 950 and modern equipment? 1 2 Α. Yes. That's one way. 3 So, you could, using standard work second Ο. 4 data, compute a weighted standard work second allocator 5 for Washington intrastate? б Α. Certainly one could. 7 ο. And then, if you multiplied that times the 8 Washington State allocator, you could find out whether 9 the use of unweighted billable calls distorted the 10 allocation of operator systems and related expenses, couldn't you? 11 12 Α. You could perform a study, which to my 13 knowledge wasn't made. If you didn't examine Exhibits 32 and 14 Ο. Exhibit 33, you don't know that, do you? 15 16 I would know what was on the page. I Α. 17 wouldn't know what was conducted and what was behind 18 those numbers and how the study was prepared or whether 19 it was conducted in an appropriate manner or whether 20 the statistics were reliable or any of the other 21 problems that might have cropped up related to that 22 eleventh hour exhibit. 23 Q. In making your statement, which was made

24 sometime after the eleventh hour exhibit in terms of

25 what information was available, you didn't consider the (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 951 information in those exhibits. Is that right? 1 2 Α. The exhibits were not entered into the 3 record. I did not consider them at issue. And we were a little late in this proceeding for me to proceed with 4 5 -- IPI is not my only duty at this Commission. 6 Q. You used lots of information that wasn't in 7 the record in your case, haven't you, as an exhibit, 8 that is? 9 Α. I don't know about lots. Most of my 10 testimony hopefully is relying on the record. You used some information that was not 11 Q. 12 introduced as an exhibit in order to create your exhibit. Is that a fair statement? 13 14 Α. There was nothing on the record until the Commission Staff took the witness stand. We had the 15 16 burden of proof, and we entered certain data on the 17 record. And at that point we had data on the record. 18 I mean, that's the only way you get it from here to 19 there. 20 Ο. But you didn't enter every single piece of 21 information that you relied on as a subexhibit, did 22 you? 23 Α. I'm not clear on your question. I'm sorry. 24 Q. Is it your testimony that you entered as an

25 exhibit all documents that you relied on as source (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 952 material for any part of your testimony and exhibits? 1 2 No, of course not. There is a number of Α. 3 data requests and responses from the Company and other 4 public information documents, et cetera, the 5 transcripts from the competitive classification case and a number of other pieces of what I considered 6 7 eleventh evidence that I relied on. Most of that 8 information was also in the hands of the Company. 9 And that information was available to you Q. 10 then? The information I just described was, yes. 11 Α. It wasn't unavailable just because it wasn't 12 Q. 13 an exhibit; is that right? 14 Α. It wasn't unavailable because it was not an 15 exhibit. But, again, we're back to the question of who 16 was the moving party and just what is the obligation of 17 Staff when IPI advances some theory. 18 I'm just trying to understand the basis for Ο. 19 your statement that there is no way to determine what 20 you state on Page 23 from available information. And 21 I'm correct in understanding that there was some 22 available information you didn't consider in making that statement. Isn't that true? 23 24 MS. BROWN: I'm going to object, your Honor.

25 I think we have gone over this and over this for the (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 953 past five minutes. 1 2 The other thing is I think it's improper cross-examination for Mr. Owens to somehow imply that 3 4 Mr. Damron should have analyzed or relied upon exhibits 5 which were excluded from the evidentiary record for 6 reasons by your Honor. 7 And for that reason, I would ask that this 8 line of questioning cease and that Mr. Damron not be 9 expected to stand cross on exhibits which are not part 10 of this record, were not admitted into this record, after having been offered by the Company. 11 12 JUDGE FOSTER: Mr. Owens? 13 MR. OWENS: I didn't write Mr. Damron's 14 testimony. If he had written testimony and said there is really no way to determine that based on existing 15 16 evidentiary record, then clearly these questions would 17 not be proper. But he said from the available information. And he has admitted that there is 18 information that's not in the record as an exhibit that 19 20 he considered available and, in fact, used in other 21 parts of his testimony. 22 I think I'm entitled to cross-examine the 23 flat statement here that it's impossible to use of 24 unweighted billable calls distorts the allocation

25 without being subjected to this kind of an objection (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 954 because clearly this is available information whether 1 it was received in evidence or not. All I'm trying to 2 3 do is establish that he didn't consider it in making 4 that statement. 5 JUDGE FOSTER: I'll allow the question. The objection is overruled. But I think we have spent б quite a bit of time on this, counsel. So, I think you 7 8 can shorten it up. 9 BY MR. OWENS: 10 ο. Can you answer the question, sir? 11 Α. I'll make an attempt. 12 In this testimony I said that, based on the available information, I don't know. I explained that 13 there was no time and motion study available. I was 14 not comfortable with using what I considered 15 16 semantical statistics from some table. And so my 17 knowledge of those are the two sources I had available 18 or would have had available but actually did not have 19 available. 20 And whether there might have been some other 21 avenue that I might have pursued, I don't know. But 22 those are the ones that I considered to be ones that 23 would be used to derive a weighted standard work 24 second. And those two were not available to me and,

25 hence, I did not make the calculation.

(DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 955 1 Isn't it true that you had available to you Q. 2 in an exhibit on the record the Company's data showing 3 the jurisdictional distribution of unbillable compared 4 to billable calls? That's Exhibit C-24. 5 Α. I don't believe we had that information on a б jurisdictional basis. We had it on a total-company 7 basis. 8 Ο. Doesn't Response to SR 206, which is a part 9 of Exhibit C-24, show the jurisdictional distribution 10 between Washington and non-Washington for billable and non-billable calls? 11 12 Α. I don't have that exhibit before me. 13 MR. OWENS: Your Honor, may I approach the 14 witness? 15 JUDGE FOSTER: Yes. 16 THE WITNESS: (Reading.) There are some 17 statistics here. It doesn't show a ten-state statistic. It just shows Washington and 18 19 non-Washington. BY MR. OWENS: 20 21 Ο. Does it show that non-billable calls are 22 slightly more distributed to Washington than are 23 billable calls? 24 Α. Yes. But that doesn't identify whether it's

25 Washington interstate or intrastate. It's extremely (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 956 important considering the magnitude of the Washington 1 2 operation and the interstate Washington operation. 3 At Page 24, did you state that if Part 36 Q. 4 does not apply to an AOS company, then it certainly 5 makes good sense for IPI to develop a procedures manual б which the Company's personnel can follow to accumulate 7 the necessary statistics to prepare a jurisdictional 8 cost study? Was there any requirement in the 9 Washington Administrative Code during 1991 for IPI to 10 do that? No, I don't think RCWs or WACs tell the 11 Α. 12 Company how to conduct it's day-to-day operations of 13 its business, which is what we're talking about here. 14 Ο. Had there ever been a letter sent by the 15 Commission to IPI saying that that's what they should 16 do? 17 Α. No. There is nothing in here. In fact, the 18 first sentence on Line 17 says I'm not certain whether 19 there is such a requirement. That's beside the point. 20 It's just that it makes good sense to do so. 21 It's rather silly to say that we're going to 22 conduct jurisdictional separations, but we're not going 23 to make absolutely any prior preparation in doing so. 24 That's nonsense. And that we don't have to do it.

25 What specific statistics are you referring Q. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 957 1 to here at Page 24 where you were asking that the 2 Company's personnel accumulate on Page 24? 3 Whatever procedures they might find useful Α. 4 in developing a definitive separations calculation. 5 Ο. So, you don't have any specifics in mind? б Α. Oh, specifics would be time and motion 7 studies, work activity -- it could be any number of 8 things, depending on what machinery the Company has and 9 how that's used. Time studies, personnel and how much time 10 11 they spend working in various projects that may or may 12 not have anything to do with Washington jurisdiction. 13 Just simply tracking the Company's operations, 14 analyzing the Company's accounts and tracking what's going on and making a best attempt at documenting what 15 16 occurred and what would be an appropriate way, 17 therefore, to allocate. 18 Given that this effort took place in 1992, Ο. 19 do you have any evidence that IPI didn't use its best 20 effort to document what occurred in 1991? 21 Α. Yes. Exhibit C-9 certainly does not show a 22 very definitive analysis. My whole point is the 23 Company could have made a much better effort at 24 examining its accounts and doing a more detailed,

25 definitive job of that if it had the inclination to do (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 958 1 so. 2 What specific activities do you have in mind Ο. 3 in referring to a time and motion study on Page 25? Α. 4 In particular, that would be related to 5 operator work time. б So, IPI should be directed to examine the Q. 7 amount of time operators spend handling various types of calls? 8 9 Α. I think they need to develop some type of 10 statistic as to how much time their operators -- how much it takes to process calls by jurisdiction, how 11 12 they derive that by time and motion study or whatever. 13 So, there might be an alternative way to Ο. 14 develop that information besides a time and motion 15 study? 16 There may be. None comes to mind other than Α. 17 using some standard chart which may or may not be 18 eleventh today and for IPI. Do you know whether it's eleventh? 19 Q. 20 Α. No, I don't know whether it's eleventh. I 21 don't know -- that's the whole problem. I don't want 22 to rely on something if I don't know that it's 23 eleventh. 24 ο. Now, you say also at Page 25 that some

25 accounting for non-operator personnel is needed. And (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 959 you go on to say: "Such tracking is certainly 1 2 essential to adequate revenue requirement 3 documentation." 4 Is there some regulation in the Washington 5 Administrative Code that says that? б Α. I'm not aware of each and every WAC. I 7 really can't speak to that. I know that in a revenue 8 requirement analysis, the standard yardstick that's 9 been used year after year after year at this Commission 10 is that you impute a wage to a particular individual based on the types of services that the individual is 11 12 rendering to the ratepayer and what the prevailing rate 13 for that service is. And if all you get is look it up in the 14 Management 101 manual, that really doesn't give me any 15 16 definitive way to identify what these people did, if 17 anything, and what costs should be assigned to their 18 wages or whether the level of their wages is 19 appropriate or whether they spent one hour of the year 20 providing service in the state of Washington. 21 ο. So, the Company should provide a time sheet 22 for every hour that the employee spends; is that right? 23 Α. Well, there is different ways of keeping it. 24 You can do it by most of your time spent in one

25 jurisdiction. And you don't have to keep track of (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 960 every hour, but you keep track of those hours that 1 2 aren't spent in that jurisdiction. There are different 3 ways of keeping time. 4 But certainly when you're presented with 5 fifteen executive officers and the Company can't tell б you what one of these individuals had done to serve the 7 public, it's questionable whether any of those amounts 8 belong above the line. 9 So, do I gather, then, that you're presuming Q. that those executives are not providing any service for 10 11 regulated operations? 12 I'm presuming that my Management 101 manual Α. doesn't tell me what those specific managers are or are 13 14 not doing. So, I don't know. That's my problem. So, would it be a fair statement, then, that 15 Q. 16 companies that are subject to Part 36 would not require 17 management time tracking, but IPI would? 18 May not require management time tracking in Α. 19 terms of allocations of Part 36. They certainly 20 require time tracking in terms of their assignment of 21 costs to a particular jurisdiction and in terms of the 22 level of wages being paid, and is that level of wage 23 appropriate for ratemaking. 24 The rule of thumb is they get paid for

25 services rendered at the prevailing rate. If you don't (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 961 know what the service is that is rendered, there is no 1 way of evaluating whether that particular individual 2 deserves the salary or that salary should be included 3 4 for revenue requirements at the level sponsored by the 5 Company. 6 It may simply be somebody's brother hanging 7 around the office and paid a salary for doing 8 absolutely nothing, or brother-in-law or son-in-law. 9 So, for example, when Pacific Northwest Bell Q. 10 or another utility has come before the Commission, they have documented every executive's activities? Is that 11 12 what you're saying? 13 They provide us with a list of the Α. personnel, their title, and their pay scale. And if we 14 pursue that, they give us information as to what those 15 particular individuals did. They give us something 16 17 better than look it up in your Management 101 manual. 18 Page 27, you're discussing an allocator of Ο. 19 operator systems plant and related expense. And you 20 observe that approximately fifty percent of present 21 billable calls are automated and have nothing to do 22 with actual human operator work time.

23 Is it correct that automated calls generate
24 processer time?

25 They would, miniscule seconds of time. The Α. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 962 1 processer itself is not that costly in terms of overall 2 revenue requirements. 3 There is also evidence in Exhibit C-26 that 4 the Company is moving to non-tech traffic-sensitive 5 types of plant for call processing. б Q. Let's talk about that. You're talking about 7 Page 30; is that right? 8 Α. That's what I cited in my testimony, yes. 9 And the sentence particularly that you had Q. 10 in mind was in the second paragraph it says, "Recent additions to the network will also allow a significant 11 12 amount of business to be converted from measured use 13 facilities to fixed use facilities"? That's the sentence. 14 Α. You don't know whether what the author had 15 Q. 16 in mind was the call processing by computer of 17 automated calls, do you? 18 Α. I don't even know who the author is. There 19 is a number of pages missing in this document. 20 Ο. It's possible that what could be referred to here is the change from measured use interoffice 21 22 facilities to fixed use interoffice facilities? 23 Α. That's possible. 24 ο. Now, on Page 28, you criticize IPI's use of

25 billable calls that allocate executive and planning (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 963 expenses. It's correct, isn't it, that these are 1 2 essentially overhead items? 3 Yes, I believe I indicated that in one of my Α. 4 responses to the data request. 5 Q. As such, they are not sensitive to billable б minutes, either, are they? 7 Α. No. But considering the circumstances and, 8 as I testified in my testimony, I believe that the 9 billable minutes allocator is the more equitable and 10 more reasonable allocator for these expenses. It's correct, isn't it, that under Part 36 11 Q. 12 these will be allocated using what's called the B-3 13 allocator? That was Mr. Olch's testimony at TR-642. 14 Α. Do you have any reason to dispute that? 15 Q. 16 Neither I nor the Company used that Α. 17 particular allocator or do I know how he would develop 18 that from the information provided. 19 Ο. Did Mr. Olch also testify that in IPI's 20 case, because it doesn't have cable and wire facilities 21 or central office facilities, that application of the 22 big three allocator would evolve to a weighted standard 23 work second allocator? 24 Α. I don't recall that precisely, nor do I

25 think that, as I have stated, that Part 36 is (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 964 necessarily ruling in this matter in terms of what is 1 2 or is not an appropriate allocator for this particular 3 Company and these particular expenses. 4 Q. I didn't ask you for your opinion as to its 5 appropriateness. I asked you as a question of fact 6 whether that was your recollection of his testimony. 7 Α. I don't specifically recall that testimony. 8 If it's there, it's there. 9 Do you recall that he did testify that in Q. 10 IPI's case that he felt that billable calls was a reasonable approximater of a weighted standard work 11 12 second allocator? 13 He did. Α. 14 Ο. So, Part 36 treated these overhead expenses by the use of a composite allocator, which in IPI's 15 case, because of IPI's unique business, would evolve to 16 17 a single allocator. 18 Is that a fair statement? 19 Α. If you follow Mr. Olch's reasoning, which I 20 don't subscribe to. I did make a test of allocating on 21 a more general allocator, which I included in my 22 workpapers, that would show that if I took all of the 23 expenses exclusive of depreciation and added them up 24 and came up with a composite allocator and then applied

25 it to the so-called non-traffic sensitive costs that (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 965 you characterized, that I would probably have allocated 1 about \$25,000 less in expense to Washington intrastate. 2 3 That's in my workpapers. I can find it for you if you 4 wish. 5 Ο. So, that's yet a third possible methodology? б Α. Just following the reasoning that one 7 reasonable way of allocating non-traffic sensitive or 8 common costs was to identify what is the composite 9 allocator for all other expenses, and then come up with 10 that composite allocator and apply it to non-traffic 11 sensitive costs or common costs seems like a reasonable 12 way to do that. In fact, I think that's the way it's 13 prescribed to be done in Part 64. And using that 14 reasoning, I made that test in my calculations and came 15 16 up with the result I just described. 17 You would find that workpaper I described 18 at Page 174 in my workpapers. 19 Ο. So, if I were to look in Part 36, I wouldn't 20 find that particular methodology; is that right? 21 Α. No. And you wouldn't find that methodology 22 for most of what the Company has done in Part 36. 23 Q. So, your testimony is that Mr. Olch was 24 wrong in his statement that International Pacific

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25 generally followed the methodology in Part 36?
(DAMRON - Cross by Owens)
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1 It just depends on how general we want to be Α. 2 here. I certainly made a fair attempt of justifying 3 that. But as I stated in my testimony, I don't think, 4 considering the operation of an AOS company and the 5 fact that they are providing -- they are being billed 6 for the use of the site, the use of the payphone, and 7 the call processing, I don't think it's equitable or 8 reasonable to put the entire emphasis of the 9 jurisdictional allocation on the call processing 10 function and using the billable minute calls allocator as extensively as the Company has done. 11

966

12 Q. Would I be correct in saying that your 13 approach is not a recognized method of jurisdictional 14 separation?

A. Neither mine nor the Company is a recognized
jurisdictional allocation. I guess mine is recognized
in terms of it certainly follows the spirit of Part 64
in terms of allocating common costs.

19 Q. It's correct, isn't it, that under Part 36 20 it's not unusual for a particular overhead item to be 21 allocated on the basis of one or more other allocators?

A. No, it's not unusual at all. That's why I
made the test that I described in the workpaper that I
referenced.

25 And it's also not unusual in any given Q. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 967 situation for the secondary allocators not to 1 2 necessarily have all of the elements because a company 3 may not have plant necessary to generate those 4 secondary allocator elements. Isn't that true? 5 Α. Certainly anything is true. What I'm 6 talking about is what is reasonable and equitable for 7 this specific Company in this specific industry. 8 Ο. IPI's use of a surrogate for weighted 9 standard work seconds is consistent with the spirit of 10 Part 36, using the big three allocator for its overhead, isn't it? 11 12 I don't know that I could agree with that. Α. It's my understanding whether the -- I really don't 13 14 know that it matters whether I agree or not. Part 36, as I have testified, doesn't apply to this Company. I 15 16 recommend that the Commission apply some reason, logic, 17 common sense, and equity to the situation. 18 To the extent IPI's allocation of its Ο. overheads is consistent with the spirit of the use of 19 20 the big three under the circumstances, that would be 21 consistent with a recognized method of jurisdictional 22 separations. Isn't that true? 23 Α. We're overreaching pretty far here. You're 24 saying if, if, if, then maybe. Yes, it's consistent

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25
    with a recognized allocation procedure that doesn't
        (DAMRON - Cross by Owens)
                                                           968
 1
    apply to this particular company or this particular
 2
     industry.
 3
          Q.
                So, that leaves us with your view of what's
 4
     fair and equitable. Is that where we are?
 5
               MS. BROWN: What kind of a question is that?
 б
    Objection. Vague.
    BY MR. OWENS:
 7
               Well, --
          Q.
 8
 9
               I have an opinion.
         Α.
                JUDGE FOSTER: Just a minute. Can you
10
    rephrase the question, please?
11
12
    BY MR. OWENS:
13
                Your testimony now is that Part 36 doesn't
          Ο.
    apply, and, therefore, you feel that what ought to be
14
15
    done is what you consider to be fair and equitable; is
16
    that right?
17
         Α.
               Fair, equitable, and reasonable, yes.
18
    That's my opinion based on my analysis of this
    particular situation. That's what I get paid for is to
19
20
    offer an opinion based on my analysis. That's what I
21
    have done here.
22
          Ο.
               So, you're an expert on fairness?
23
         Α.
               We like to hope.
24
          Q.
               How do you get to be an expert on fairness?
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25 Well, you look at a company, and you say, if Α. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 969 they are earning a 500 percent return, that isn't fair, 1 2 Mr. Owens, and it should be something less. And based on my opinion and my judgment it should be something 3 4 less. That's the way you get to be an expert on 5 fairness. 6 Q. That's based on your experience in fairness; 7 is that right? 8 Α. Yes. That's my opinion, and, as stated at 9 Page 28, Line 21, the Commission has the authority to 10 determine what is and what is not a reasonable allocation. They will make the decision, not I and not 11 12 you. Well, then, would it be correct that 13 Ο. 14 billable minutes represent the actual time that end users use IXC's services? 15 16 Α. I have no opinion. IXCs are not at issue in 17 this case. 18 ο. You testified that you're an expert on Part 19 36. So, I'm asking you under Part 36, billable minutes 20 aren't prescribed as the exclusive allocator for 21 executive, planning, general administrative, and other 22 marketing expense, are they? 23 Α. Part 36 applies to IXCs and LECs. So, they 24 follow Part 36.

25 Can you answer my question? Q. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 970 1 I never audited an IXC. So, I don't know. Α. 2 Isn't it equally true for an IXC that Ο. 3 billable minutes represent the actual time the end user 4 uses such a carrier's service? It sounds reasonable. I don't know about 5 Α. б billable minutes, but the total minutes of use. I 7 don't think they allocated on the basis of billable 8 minutes as I described in my testimony. They base 9 their allocation on the basis of total handled calls 10 and minutes. 11 Well, then, would it be correct that an IXC Ο. 12 that was subject to Part 36 would not have its executive and planning and general and administrative 13 14 and other marketing expense allocated on the basis of billable minutes? 15 Nor would they have it allocated on the 16 Α. 17 basis of billable calls. They would have it allocated on the basis of Part 36. 18 19 Ο. On Page 29 you state that the Commission 20 might decide that local rates should be lower because 21 some individuals using a payphone may not be able to 22 afford any other form of telephone service and need to 23 have affordable access to essential and/or emergency 24 services.

25 You don't have any evidence as to what (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 971 1 affordable access to essential and/or emergency 2 services means in terms of rates; is that true? 3 No. As I indicated in my responses to Data Α. 4 umy assumption that a lesser rate is more affordable 5 than a higher rate. б Q. For the ultimate free service is the most 7 affordable; is that right? 8 Α. Certainly. 9 Isn't it true that regardless of what Q. 10 happens in this case, users of IPI served payphones 11 will be able to dial 911 for emergency services without 12 payment of a charge? 13 They may have if they get dial tone free. Α. Isn't that a requirement of State law? 14 ο. I don't know. I believe it is. 15 Α. And isn't it true that, regardless of what 16 Q. 17 happens in this case, consumers at those payphones will be able to make a local call for \$.25 in coin? 18 If they have it in their pocket. If they 19 Α. 20 don't, they will pay ten times that amount. 21 Q. You're not saying at this reference in your 22 testimony that the Commission can simply allocate away 23 costs in order to produce the particular end-use rate 24 that it wants, are you?

25 No. In fact, I made that quite clear in my Α. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 972 responses to your data requests. Obviously, what is a 1 2 revenue requirement is arguable to various jurisdictions. And what's the appropriate way to 3 4 allocate costs and relative use simply is not the only 5 consideration. 6 Universal service has been with us for years 7 and years, and it's embedded in Federal and State 8 statutes, and it's certainly been a primary objective. 9 And keeping local rates low in order to achieve 10 universal service is not a foreign concept to this Commission, I don't believe. 11 12 But you're not seeking to reduce only local Q. 13 rates in this case, are you? 14 Α. I'm seeking to reduce IPI's rates by 42 some 15 percent. You couldn't accomplish that entire 16 Q. 17 reduction simply by reducing IPI's charges for local 18 service. Isn't that true? 19 Α. No. But if you wanted to get into more 20 sophisticated rate design, you could certainly lower 21 some rates more than others. 22 Ο. At Page 34 of your testimony, you refer to 23 Exhibit 65, and you make some statements about the 24 relative size of International Pacific to companies

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described in that exhibit.
        (DAMRON - Cross by Owens)
 1
                Would it be a fair statement that the
 2
     converse of what you have quoted there is that between
 3
     30 and 35 percent of the OSPs that reported had
 4
     investment expense and revenues of greater than
     $500,000?
 5
 б
          Α.
                Yes, they may have all had $501,000.
 7
          ο.
                Do you know that that's the truth?
                I have no idea what it is.
 8
          Α.
 9
                So, is it your testimony the Congress was
          Q.
10
     unaware of the fact that 30 to 35 percent of the OSPs
11
     reporting had investment expense and revenues of
12
     greater than $500,000?
13
                No. I'm saying if Congress was viewing an
          Α.
     industry where each and every one of them was grossing
14
     $24 or $25 million annually, they may have assumed a
15
16
     different posture regarding this industry.
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973

17 ο. That's speculation on your part, isn't it? 18 Α. It certainly is. As far as you know, Congress wasn't aware of 19 Q.

20 the financial statistics concerning the industry. 21 Isn't that true? 22 MS. BROWN: Objection. Calls for

23 speculation.

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24
               MR. OWENS: I asked him as far as he knows.
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JUDGE FOSTER: I'll allow the question.

974

(DAMRON - Cross by Owens)

1 Objection is overruled.

2 THE WITNESS: As far as I know, there isn't 3 one Congress~man in Washington that knows anything 4 about the regulatory intricacies of coming up with a 5 revenue requirement or the complexities that this б Commission faces. They are not a regulatory -- utility 7 regulatory body. 8 BY MR. OWENS: 9 Q. As far as you know, Congress was aware of 10 how much the various OSP providers in the country were making at the time they adopted the TOCSIS regulation. 11 12 Isn't that true? 13 I don't know. As far as I know, there may Α. have been four or five Congressmen that showed up for 14 15 that meeting. So, it's your testimony under oath that 16 Q. 17 Congress could pass a bill with only four or five 18 Congressmen voting? MS. BROWN: Objection. Argumentative. 19 20 MR. OWENS: It's not an argumentative 21 question. He just testified under oath that as far as 22 he knew four or five Congressmen could have passed that 23 piece of legislation. I'm entitled to examine the 24 basis of that statement.

25

25 JUDGE FOSTER: I'll allow the question. The (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 975 objection is overruled. 1 THE WITNESS: It's my understanding the 2 3 majority rules. I don't believe that the majority 4 always reads each and every piece of paper that they 5 sign off on, though. If they did, they would have to 6 be an incredibly fast reader. BY MR. OWENS: 7 8 Ο. So, it's not your testimony, then, that only 9 four or five Congressmen needed to vote on TOCSIS? 10 Α. There are probably four or five Congressmen that came up with the bill in the committee and 11 12 sponsored it to the floor, and the floor probably went 13 along with their partisan vote. 14 ο. But you don't know that, do you? No, I don't know that. You're asking me for 15 Α. 16 conjecture. That's what you're getting. Q. 17 You say at the top of Page 35 that IPI 18 probably operates in more than ten states by now. You don't have any information to support 19 20 that speculation, do you? 21 Α. No; other than I know that they are 22 expanding and have expressed an interest in expanding 23 their geographical territory. That's expressed in 24 Exhibit C-26, for instance.

25 And that's a publication of a different Q. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 976 1 company than International Pacific, isn't it? 2 Α. Well, if you consider Impact a different 3 company. But different companies, sixty/seventy 4 percent of that different company's revenues come from 5 IPI. б Q. But it's not necessarily the case that IPI 7 would be experiencing all of the expansion that the 8 holding company might be experiencing, is it. 9 Possible but not probable, I guess. Α. 10 ο. It's not probable that NTA might be doing 11 the expanding? 12 NTA may be doing the expanding in the Α. hospitality market. I think IPI would have more 13 14 interest in the payphone market, which apparently is much more profitable. 15 16 Q. Have you conducted an analysis in terms of 17 determining whether or not welfare is maximized by 18 actions of the Commission described at the top of Page 19 36 with regard to protecting the end-use consumer in 20 areas where demand is inelastic? 21 Α. No, I have not conducted any such study. 22 Ο. And would it also be true that you have no 23 evidence that aggregators are earning above competitive 24 profits?

Α. 25 I only have the information in Exhibit C-26, (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 977 which says that a well run aggregator is earning 22 1 2 percent rate of return on investment, which they 3 characterize that they can receive a significant 4 reduction in their commission fees and still have a 5 robust business. б Q. But you have no evidence that those profits 7 are not at a competitive level for that industry, do 8 you? 9 Well, if it is competitive, then I want some Α. 10 stock in the company. No. I know it's somewhere between 0 and 100 percent. 11 12 JUDGE FOSTER: Are we at a good point to 13 take a break, Mr. Owens? 14 MR. OWENS: Yes. JUDGE FOSTER: Let's take an afternoon 15 16 recess at this time. Let's be off the record and we'll 17 reconvene at 3:15. 18 (Recess.) JUDGE FOSTER: Let's be back on the record 19 20 after our afternoon break. 21 Mr. Owens, do you want to continue? MR. OWENS: Thank you. 22 BY MR. OWENS: 23 24 ο. At Page 36 you describe the effect of the

25 AOS rule. It's correct, isn't it, that end-use (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 978 consumers can patronize other aggregators if they 1 2 believe they are subject to price abuse? 3 I suppose in theory they could. I don't Α. 4 know that they are given a phone book that says such 5 and such aggregator will be found on Fourth and Pine. 6 So, I don't know practically that they have that 7 alternative. 8 Ο. You don't know that they don't have that 9 alternative, do you? 10 Α. I know that I don't know where I would find that alternative if I wanted to go searching for a 11 12 different aggregator. 13 Ο. So, if you see two restaurants, one across 14 the street from another, and you feel that you're being price abused at another, you don't see that you would 15 16 be able to go across the street to the other? 17 Α. I guess if I have an infinite amount of time 18 on my hands I could go all over town picking up 19 receivers and saying who is there? But that's not a 20 very practical alternative. 21 So, is the answer to my question that if two Q. 22 aggregators are across the street from each other it's 23 impossible to cross the street and patronize the other 24 aggregator if a consumer perceives price abuse?

25 Well, I think these issues have been Α. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 979 discussed in the competitive classification case. 1 And 2 I don't know that I'm your witness for this particular 3 line of cross. 4 I can say certainly a person can cross the 5 street and use another telephone. I don't know whether 6 that individual until he has been abused has a need to 7 walk across the street. He may not know that he is 8 going to be abused until he uses the phone and gets 9 home and waits about a month and gets his phone bill. 10 ο. In terms of whether you're the witness, you wrote the testimony on Page 36, didn't you? 11 12 Α. I did. You state at Page 37 that the issue of 13 Ο. whether IPI's services to the end user are subject to 14 effective competition was considered in the competitive 15 16 classification case. 17 Did the Commission consider in that case the 18 issue of the 800 operator services that are being offered by AT&T and MCI? 19 20 Α. I don't know if they did directly, no. 21 Q. In fact, those services became available this summer, didn't they? 22 23 MS. BROWN: Your Honor, how is this 24 eleventh?

25 MR. OWENS: Your Honor, the witness (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 980 1 testifies at Page 37 the issue of whether IPI's 2 services to the end-use customer are subject to 3 effective competition, I quess it should be was 4 considered in IPI's competitive classification case. 5 It's pertinent cross to determine whether there are б issues relating to that general issue that weren't 7 considered. 8 MS. BROWN: I don't think that the reference 9 to the Docket No. UT-920546 necessarily opens up an 10 entire competitive classification case as being a subject of proper cross-examination in this revenue 11 12 requirement case. 13 MR. OWENS: I haven't attempted to open up 14 the entire docket. I have asked him a question designed to cross-examine his flat statement as to what 15 16 was considered in that case. 17 JUDGE FOSTER: How much do you have on this, 18 Mr. Owens? 19 MR. OWENS: Not much, your Honor. 20 JUDGE FOSTER: All right. Go ahead. 21 BY MR. OWENS: 22 Ο. Do you recall the question? The question 23 was those services were introduced this summer, weren't 24 they?

25 I don't know. I could only speculate. Α. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 981 That's my understanding that they were recently 1 2 offered. But I have no idea of specific dates. 3 And those services offer ability of Ο. 4 consumers at pay telephones to make collect calls by 5 dialing 800 and avoiding the pre-subscribed AOS 6 provider. Isn't that true? 7 MS. BROWN: Your Honor, I'm going to renew 8 my objection. I don't think that this particular 9 issue -- the 1-800 collect access wasn't even an issue 10 in the competitive classification case, 920546. While it's true that IPI filed a motion to reopen the record, 11 12 that motion was denied by the Commission. 13 So, these references to dates and the 14 services provided and who is doing the providing were not addressed or cross-examined at all in the 920546 15 16 case. I don't think it's appropriate that we should 17 have a line of cross based on Mr. Damron's flat 18 statement that, yes, there is a competitive 19 classification case and the issue of whether or not IPI 20 was subject to effective competition was addressed in 21 that docket. 22 JUDGE FOSTER: Mr. Owens? 23 MR. OWENS: First the objection is you can't 24 cross-examine him about what's in that docket, and now

25 it's you can't cross-examine him about what's not in (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 982 that docket. I think it's still germane for me to be 1 2 able to cross-examine his flat statement to show that 3 there are factors bearing on whether IPI's service are 4 effective competition that weren't considered. 5 MS. BROWN: Your Honor, this is not the 6 forum. 7 MR. OWENS: I didn't write his testimony, 8 your Honor. If the testimony is not going to be 9 subject to cross-examination, then it ought to be 10 excluded. 11 MS. BROWN: The issue is not whether or not 12 this testimony can be subject to effective cross-examination. The issue is whether or not this 13 witness can be crossed on something, as Mr. Owens 14 15 properly stated, that was not in the docket. 16 MR. OWENS: But he is making a statement of 17 fact as to what was considered. And I'm entitled to 18 cross-examine him on that statement. JUDGE FOSTER: You indicated earlier you 19 20 didn't have very much on this. If it's not very much, 21 why don't you limit it to a few questions and then move 22 on. 23 MR. OWENS: Thank you. 24 BY MR. OWENS:

25 Do you understand, Mr. Damron, that the Q. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 983 1 nature of those services is as I described in my prior 2 question? 3 No, I don't. I have no intimate knowledge Α. 4 of what AT&T is doing as an alternative. That's not my 5 area. I have read some things on the subject, but I б would be relying on a memory of something that I would 7 prefer not to testify to. 8 Ο. So, you haven't seen any of the advertising 9 promoting this service? I have seen some stuff come across my desk. 10 Α. I did not sit there and memorize every detail of the 11 12 thing. I know that there are, in this present environment, there are activities going on and 13 14 different packages being offered virtually on a daily basis. And I just do not make mental note of each and 15 16 every change that's going on out there. There is too 17 much going on. 18 You don't understand that this is a new way Ο. 19 for consumers to avoid the pre-subscribed carrier at a 20 payphone? 21 Α. No. That's beyond my understanding. I have 22 no direct knowledge of what's going on. 23 Q. Now, you state at Page 38 that you believe

24 that the matters Mr. Mean described at Page 948 of the

25 transcript as having been changed since Exhibit C-26 (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 984 1 was published have already been considered in IPI's 2 competitive classification case. 3 Do you have some provision in the order of 4 that case that you're relying on for that? 5 Α. Oh, I don't know. I think there were a б number of things that were asserted or reviewed in that 7 case, like the Company asserted 50 percent dial-around 8 and Exhibit 26 talks about 20 or 22 percent 9 dial-around, that sort of thing. 10 There is certainly a lot of information in 11 C-26, and we could go through that page by page if you 12 wish. But I'm just making a general statement there 13 that a lot of the issues about the operation of IPI, 14 how it operates, what it's experiencing, what kind of environment it's operating in, those things were 15 16 reviewed in that case as it relates to the competitive 17 classification. 18 So, it's your testimony that there was Ο. 19 considered in IPI's competitive classification case, 20 the Staff's proposal in this case to reduce IPI's 21 revenues by 43 percent? 22 No, that was not specifically considered. Α. Ι 23 believe that it was acknowledged in that case that

there was a parallel case going on regarding the

24

25 earnings complaint and the complaint regarding USOA (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 985 compliance. 1 2 And is it your testimony that the Company's Ο. 3 estimate of the Impact on it of such a proposed revenue 4 reduction was considered in the competitive 5 classification case? 6 Α. No. I mean, the revenue requirements were 7 not at issue in the competitive classification case. 8 Ο. Aren't those two of the things that Mr. Mean 9 discusses at Page 948 of the transcript? 10 Α. (Reading.) Well, the record speaks for itself. He does reference the 43 percent recommended 11 12 rate reduction. 13 Ο. Is it your testimony that there was considered in IPI's competitive classification case the 14 issue of the reduction of public access line rates for 15 16 private payphone providers? 17 Α. I don't know if it was or not. 18 Isn't that the other thing that he discusses Ο. 19 at the reference of the transcript that you give at 20 Page 38? 21 Α. He discusses line reduction. 22 Ο. And other than the Staff's recommended rate 23 reduction, the expected impact on International Pacific 24 of that rate reduction in public access line rates, Mr.

25 Mean doesn't discuss anything on Page 948 of the (DAMRON - Cross by Owens)

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1 transcript, does he?

2 Α. No. The Company was certainly aware long 3 before Exhibit C-26 was authored that they may be 4 facing a substantial rate reduction. They were aware 5 that there was a complaint against the Company. There б was an entire page which I quote at the end of my 7 testimony where they make an assessment of their 8 anticipated -- the anticipated outcome of this 9 complaint case.

10 Q. You have no basis on which to claim that 11 International Pacific knew the extent of the proposed 12 reduction at the time that material in Exhibit C-26 was 13 written, do you?

A. The specific number of 43 percent, no. We
did have negotiations with the Company and certain
numbers were mentioned in those negotiations which
might have tipped them off as to where we were going.

18 Q. You don't know whether the material that you19 quoted from was written before or after those20 negotiations, do you?

A. I know the approximate dates. As I said,
the document is deficient. Certain schedules have been
eliminated, including the face of the document.

24 Q. Mr. Mean testified at Page 948 that certain

25 components of the document were drafted as early as the (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 987 fall of 1992, didn't he? 1 2 Α. Yes; which was about eleven months after the 3 Commission issued its complaint. In the fall of 1992, International Pacific 4 Q. 5 hadn't received the Staff's direct case, had it? б Α. No. But considering the rate level, I don't 7 recall what the date of the negotiations were, but I 8 think we're going into speculation here. I don't know 9 what they did or didn't know. 10 Q. One final question before I leave this 11 topic: 12 It's correct, isn't it, that there was not 13 litigated in IPI's competitive litigation case the fact 14 that the Commission has for two years actively prosecuted an earnings complaint only against 15 16 International Pacific among AOS companies? Active? I don't know. There was one other 17 Α. 18 complaint case issued, and that company filed a Chapter 19 11. So, the activities in that case have been delayed, 20 but not withdrawn. And we continue to pursue this case 21 pending the outcome of their situation. 22 Ο. But that wasn't a topic that was litigated 23 in the competitive classification case, was it? 24 Α. No. The Commission's complaint case is

25 litigated in this case.

(DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 988 1 That's another subject that Mr. Mean Q. 2 discussed actually at Page 949 of the transcript 3 continuing his answer to prior questioning. Isn't that 4 true? 5 Α. True. The intent of my testimony there is 6 that it's a little inconceivable within my mind that 7 within the space of six or eight months that everything 8 has so dramatically changed that Exhibit C-26 is 9 totally unreliable and any information therein has all changed. That's a little hard to swallow. 10 11 So, now you're saying that Exhibit C-26 is Q. 12 ultimately reliable? Is that it? 13 No. It's certainly very interesting. Α. You quote at Page 40 from Professor Wenders, 14 ο. and you understand the context in which you're taking 15 the quotation beginning at Line 9 that Professor 16 17 Wenders is speaking about a competitive market 18 situation; correct? What he considers to be a competitive market 19 Α. 20 situation, yes. 21 Q. And so you understand that in that 22 situation, according to Professor Wenders, there can be 23 elastic submarkets and inelastic submarkets. Do you 24 understand that?

25 Α. That's what I understand his testimony to (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 989 1 mean, yes. And that, by definition, is the result of 2 Q. 3 the competitive marketplace; correct? 4 Α. I don't know if it's a result of it. It may 5 be a characteristic of certain competitive market 6 places. 7 ο. All right. And would you agree that by 8 definition that competitive marketplace, as opposed to 9 an alternative which would not be a competitive 10 marketplace, is viewed as maximizing economic 11 efficiency? 12 I'm familiar with the concept of maximizing Α. economic efficiency. I don't follow the gist of your 13 14 question. All right. By definition, the competitive 15 Q. 16 marketplace is deemed to maximize economic efficiency 17 by allocating resources in accordance with the choices 18 people make in that free competitive marketplace. 19 Isn't that true? 20 Α. That's sort of the Utopian Adam Smith 21 attitude about competition. I don't know that every 22 economist would subscribe to that. But, yes, that's an 23 attitude amongst some economists, yes. 24 ο. And that in such a marketplace, there can be

25 submarkets where demand is relatively inelastic; (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 990 correct? 1 2 Α. There can be. I don't know that that makes 3 it right. But there certainly could be pockets of 4 inelastic, inelasticity, certainly. 5 Ο. Do you know that it makes it wrong? 6 Α. I don't know that it makes it wrong or 7 right. I just know that in this case we're talking 8 about an AOS company that's under the regulation of 9 this Commission. And they need to consider these as to 10 what is and is not appropriate with our assignment to 11 protect the end-use ratepayer. 12 In a competitive marketplace where there is Ο. 13 a submarket that has relatively inelastic demand, by definition the price will be set by supply and demand 14 and will produce the optimum allocation of societal 15 16 resources; correct? 17 Α. That's the theory, yes. So, in such a submarket, if, rather than the 18 Ο. 19 competitively set price, there is an artificially 20 reduced price, whether by government regulation or some 21 other artificial restraint, would the quantity demanded 22 increase? 23 Α. I need that question read back. 24 (The record was read.)

25	THE WITNESS: In an inelastic market?
	(DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 991
1	BY MR. OWENS:
2	Q. Yes.
3	A. In an inelastic market there probably
4	wouldn't be much change in demand.
5	Q. So, in fact, then, what would happen
б	relative to the situation of a competitively set price
7	would be simply the generation of a consumer surplus
8	each time a consumer used that service consisting of
9	the difference between the competitively set price and
10	the government-regulated price. Isn't that correct?
11	A. Based on standard economic theory, that is
12	what you get. I think you need to go from the theory
13	to the reality. And that is that appropriate
14	allocation of resources, et cetera, begs the question
15	what is an appropriate allocation of resources. And
16	occasionally regulators have intervened into that
17	laissezfaire type of economic condition and said that
18	there is an allocation of resources that we require
19	based on public policy that is better than what
20	laissezfaire will produce.
21	Q. Then it's correct that under that scenario,
22	you would not be emulating the result of the
23	competitive marketplace; is that correct?
24	A. Not in the totality. You might be in the

25 particular market in which you affected, you may be (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 992 providing more competitive characteristics to that 1 2 specific market in terms of the effect on the customer. 3 You have no evidence that aggregators Ο. 4 require lower commissions just because this agency 5 enters a rate order based on restricting International 6 Pacific's rates and, therefore, it's ability to pay 7 higher commission; is that right? 8 Α. I don't know what aggregators may or may not 9 demand. That was my testimony: That the impact on 10 aggregators is not a known or measurable item. 11 And, in fact, there are other AOS providers Q. 12 who will be free to pay higher commissions than International Pacific will if the Commission's order is 13 14 in accordance with your recommendation. Isn't that 15 true? 16 Well, I don't know. It depends on the Α. 17 immediate future and how things turn out with the --18 some generic discussions we're having with the 19 industry. 20 In the short run, that certainly could 21 happen, yes. The Staff will be pursuing these other 22 individual companies that are not within the AOS rule 23 and examining their results of operation in turn. And 24 they may enjoy a short-term windfall as IPI until we

25 can get around to processing those rate cases and (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 993 1 complaints. 2 But in the long-term, they will either 3 justify their rates or they will be reduced. 4 Q. The short run is long enough for aggregators 5 to change their business affiliation to other providers 6 of AOS services, isn't it? 7 Α. Like IPI, they have enjoyed fairly high 8 rates for about five or six years now. And now it may 9 be somebody else's turn until we can get around to 10 that. We don't like it, but that's the way it is. 11 The Commission has gone to the legislature 12 and asked for show-cause authority to remedy the 13 situation in a more efficient manner and was turned 14 down. So, we're doing the best we can. 15 And in that short run, the marketplace will Q. 16 operate, but IPI will be restrained from competing in 17 that marketplace. Isn't that true? 18 Α. No. That's not true? 19 Q. 20 Α. No, that's not true. 21 Q. If IPI has rates set according to your 22 proposal, IPI will not be able to pay commissions as 23 high as some of the other AOS companies that are 24 currently in that marketplace. Isn't that true?

25 Yes. But that doesn't necessarily mean Α. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 994 their profitability is going to plummet. As I stated 1 2 before on this record, something less than 100 percent 3 of the market can be more profitable than a hundred 4 percent of the market. If IPI continues to zero in on 5 and target the premium market and balance that with 6 their hospitality market where they apparently are 7 paying much lower subscriber commissions, they could 8 still maintain a fairly good market share, I would 9 think. 10 ο. You just said earlier that the hospitality was only about seven percent of IPI's business; is that 11 12 right? 13 Α. That was per the response to the data request for 1991. I have no idea what that share is 14 now with their entrance into NTA. 15 16 But based on your knowledge, you're not Ο. 17 suggesting that IPI could continue and be profitable 18 with only seven percent of its 1991 operation? 19 Α. It's my fervent hope that they won't be as 20 profitable as they are now because I believe their 21 rates are extremely excessive. I expect to see some 22 drop in their profitability to a reasonable level. 23 Q. You don't even have any knowledge that they 24 could continue in business based on only seven percent

25 of their 1991 clientele, do you?

(DAMRON - Cross by Owens)

1 As I said, the future is not known and Α. 2 measurable. I know that there are companies out there 3 that are operating in this state that are not coming in 4 asking for an increase in rate. And I can only assume 5 that they will operate on a more level playing field 6 with those other AOS companies that are out there 7 operating under the AOS rule or with lesser rates. 8 Ο. Do you suppose that any of those companies 9 that are out there that aren't coming in for an 10 increased rate have in mind the cost of one of these 11 proceedings? 12 I guess the cost of one of these proceedings Α. depends on how they intend to pursue it. They may be 13 14 able to pursue it through negotiation. At Page 47, you discuss the lead/lag study, 15 Q. 16 and you state that for many years the Staff has favored 17 the balance sheet approach over the lead/lag approach. 18 Isn't it true that the Staff favored the 19 lead/lag approach in Puget Power's 1982 case, U-82-38? 20 Α. Yes; with a qualification. It wasn't 21 favored by the in-house Staff. It was favored by 22 -- that particular case was contracted to Lurito --23 Kosh, Lurito, Gallagher and Associates or they call

24 themselves Commonwealth now. They pursued the lead/lag

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25	study much to the distress of the in-house Staff. The
	(DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 996
1	very next case the in-house Staff went back to a
2	balance sheet approach.
3	Q. Isn't it true that the Staff favored the
4	lead/lag approach in the 1974 Pacific Northwest Bell
5	case, U-74-14?
6	A. Yes. I can give you a little of the history
7	of the lead/lag versus balance sheet approach if you
8	wish.
9	Originally, it was used in rate cases in
10	bygone days, and I mean a long time ago. Then the
11	balance sheet approach came along, I think, with David
12	Kosh, and Staff was persuaded that that should be the
13	Staff-prescribed procedure for a certain amount of time
14	they would do both calculations, and they would use the
15	one calculation as a test of the other.
16	And as time evolved, Staff eventually simply
17	expressed a preference for the balance sheet approach.
18	I think, among other things, the last lead/lag analysis
19	that I analyzed in this state was with Washington
20	Natural Gas. It took about four people from Arthur
21	Andersen about two months to prepare the study. And it
22	takes a good deal of time to audit something like that.
23	The balance sheet approach, we have taken
24	the position that it yields a reasonable result without

25 that kind of time and expense to prepare. Both studies (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 997 obviously are well recognized nationally and in the 1 2 state. It's simply the Staff's preference from about 3 mid '70s on to use the balance sheet approach. 4 And there is nothing that mandates that any 5 company use the balance sheet approach. They can come б in and advance any theory they wish. I'm just simply 7 stating this is the approach that the Staff has 8 preferred for a number of years and the approach that 9 the Commission has adopted. 10 ο. The Commission has adopted the lead/lag approach in various cases. For example, the Pacific 11 12 Northwest Bell case in 1975, didn't they, U-75-40? 13 It's quite possible. Α. 14 ο. Your testimony is that originally the Staff favored the lead/lag approach until Kosh introduced the 15 16 balance sheet approach. And then the Lurito firm 17 reintroduced the lead/lag approach in the 1982 Puget 18 case; is that right? 19 Α. I don't know whether they reintroduced it. 20 They brought it in for that specific case. 21 ο. And the Lurito firm is the successor to the Kosh firm; is that right? 22 23 Α. They are. 24 Q. What tests did you run on IPI's allocations

25 of the motel statistics that you base your opinion that (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 998 they are not reliable on at Page 48? 1 2 Α. The only test I made was what I described 3 much earlier in my testimony: That that represents a 4 very small portion of IPI's business for the test 5 period. And, therefore, I did not see the necessity of 6 introducing these estimates into the development of the 7 allocators when the lion's share of their data was 8 purported to be actual data, actual traffic data. 9 I don't know that the -- if you compare 10 their allocators to the ones I derived, you don't see a 11 massive change by eliminating the motel statistics that 12 were estimated. But I still feel that based on that 13 and also based on the documentation that was reviewed on the record in Exhibit C-9, which is fairly thin in 14 15 my view. 16 So, the answer is you didn't do any tests? Q. 17 Α. Other than the ones I just described. 18 You didn't ask the Company to run another Ο. 19 sample and see whether the allocation varied from one 20 time period to another? Α. 21 No. I didn't see that that was necessary. 22 Obviously, whether you use it or not didn't materially 23 change the result. 24 ο. It changed the result by allocating less

25 costs to Washington intrastate for both of your (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 999 allocators; is that correct? 1 2 Α. A very minor amount, yes. 3 So, for all you know, those statistics are Ο. 4 reliable as measurement of the billable calls and 5 billable minutes for the motel segment of IPI's 6 business; is that right? 7 Α. No. For all I know, none of the statistics 8 are reliable based on my skepticism of Exhibit C-40 and 9 C-67 that I have described in my testimony. 10 Q. You just stated you didn't ask the Company to rerun the statistics to determine whether there was 11 12 a variance. Isn't it true that it's possible those statistics could accurately represent the billable 13 calls and minutes for the motel side of IPI's business? 14 Again, it could. It may or it may not. 15 Α. 16 There is no way of telling what a calculation that has 17 not been made may or may not show. I did not feel it 18 was necessary. It is not Staff that is advancing the 19 theory of the lead/lag calculation in this case. It 20 came in at a very late hour with virtually no 21 documentation as to how any of the lag days were 22 derived. And there wasn't a great deal of information 23 for me to analyze in any respect regarding that 24 exhibit.

25 Did you say the lag days in that answer? Q. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 1000 1 Α. Yes. 2 Maybe you misunderstood my question. I'm Ο. 3 talking about the statistics for the allocation of --4 Α. I'm sorry. -- of investment and expense related to the 5 Ο. б billable calls and minutes for motels. 7 Α. Okay. Sorry. I slipped a gear here. Would somebody repeat the question? 8 9 JUDGE FOSTER: Counsel, do you want to 10 repeat it or do you want it read back? MR. OWENS: Would you read it back, please. 11 12 JUDGE FOSTER: Would you read it back. (The record was read.) 13 THE WITNESS: Again, I believe I have 14 already answered that anything is possible. I didn't 15 feel it was necessary. I didn't feel I had the time to 16 17 pursue a lot of detailed further discovery, considering 18 the hearings concluded on September 22 and we were 19 scheduled to have testimony signed, sealed, and 20 delivered by the 13th of October. There wasn't a great 21 deal of time spent on this particular item. 22 Again, I am not advancing a theory that 23 jurisdictional separations should be used. 24 BY MR. OWENS:

25	Q.	Are you	finished?
	(DAMRON	- Cross	by Owens)
1	Α.	Yes.	
2	Q.	At Page	52 you des
3	changing th	ne alloca	ation of ma
4	state that	you do r	not believe

2	Q. At Page 52 you describe your reason for
3	changing the allocation of marketing expense, and you
4	state that you do not believe IPI would prospectively
5	incur such a disproportionate amount of marketing
б	expenses in the Washington intrastate jurisdiction.
7	And you state that the reason for that, that Exhibit
8	C-26, Tape 32, recites that during 1993 and beyond
9	Impact intends to continue expanding its sales force to
10	cover a wider geographical area as we have discussed
11	before.
12	Impact includes both IPI and NTA. Isn't
13	that true?

14 A. Yes. And the majority of the revenues come 15 from IPI.

16 Q. But you don't know whether or not Impact's intent being described there describes its intent with 17 18 regard to NTA or IPI or some combination, do you? 19 Α. I don't know that for sure. I think it would be rather silly for them to send out a force of 20 sales people saying we'll accept any hospitality 21 22 contract you have got, but we're not at all interested 23 in going into the payphone business in any other 24 jurisdiction.

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25 But you don't know what Impact's intent Q. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 1002 1 truly is with regard to its deployment of sales forces, 2 do you? 3 I think we could make any obscure Α. No. 4 interpretation of this statement we wanted to make. I 5 took it at face value and derived what I considered the б most logical conclusion that you could make from a 7 piece of paper. But, of course, there is probably 8 50,000 obscure interpretations we could make of that 9 sentence if we wanted to. 10 ο. So, it's possible that IPI as an entity may, in fact, experience or be experiencing the same 11 12 relative level of marketing expense from Washington as 13 it did in 1991. Isn't that true? MS. BROWN: I object. Calls for 14 speculation. It takes so much time to say anything is 15 16 possible. Is it possible that this is, is it possible 17 that that? MR. OWENS: Your Honor, this witness has the 18 19 burden of proof. He has made an adjustment. I'm 20 entitled to inquire into the facts and the bases of 21 that adjustment and establish that it's possible that 22 the facts exist that are inconsistent with that 23 speculation or premise on which he has made an 24 adjustment. This is an adjustment against my client.

25 JUDGE FOSTER: Okay. Would you repeat the (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 1003 1 question because I didn't hear the question. BY MR. OWENS: 2 3 It's possible, isn't it, that IPI as a unit Ο. 4 can be experiencing the same relative proportion of 5 marketing expense for Washington intrastate that it 6 experienced in 1991? 7 JUDGE FOSTER: I'll allow the question. 8 Objection is overruled. 9 THE WITNESS: It's possible. It's not probable for the reasons I have stated. 10 11 BY MR. OWENS: 12 Q. Well, have you conducted some probability 13 analysis that you can quantify? 14 Α. No. I applied the reason that I stated just a moment ago: That it's rather silly to send a sales 15 16 force out there looking only for hospitality business 17 when, in fact, it's quite obvious they would be looking for both. 18 You have no knowledge of what NTA may be 19 Ο. 20 contemplating as its line of business in the future, 21 have you? 22 Α. I don't know about NTA. But Impact, which 23 is made up of NTA and IPI, I don't see this company 24 turning down any business.

25 What we're talking about is the allocation Q. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 1004 1 of International Pacific's marketing expense. And you 2 have stated that you believe it's improbable that 3 marketing activities in other jurisdictions would not 4 include International Pacific. But you don't know that 5 those marketing activities might not be exclusively for б NTA, do you? 7 Α. No, I do not know. 8 I would like to add something to that 9 statement, and that is that the document which I relied 10 on was Exhibit C-26. It was apparently sent to Mr. 11 Olch and identified as a document sent to Mr. Olch to 12 indoctrinate Mr. Olch as to the operations of IPI. 13 Well, Mr. Damron, it might be the case, Ο. 14 mightn't it, that the document was prepared for another purpose and represented the only document available 15 16 that had any description of what an AOS company does? 17 Α. Again, yes, to add more conjecture to the record, yes. 18 19 Q. You state on Page 58 that you challenge the 20 Company's use in its lead/lag study of its seven day 21 lag time for subscriber commissions. You state this 22 would require that ratepayers pay a return on an 23 expense that is in serious dispute. 24 Now, you have made about four different

25 statements about subscriber commissions. First, you (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 1005 have indicated that they should be disallowed entirely. 1 Second, you have indicated they should be reduced to 2 22.32 percent. Third, you have indicated that they 3 4 should be reduced to 21 percent. And, fourth, you have 5 indicated they should be reduced to 12 percent. 6 So, my question is: Is there any part of subscriber commissions that is not in serious dispute? 7 8 Α. I think it remains in serious dispute as 9 long as the Commission has the appropriate attitude 10 that it isn't willing to allow unfettered bidding of subscriber commissions in rates without some 11 12 justification as to whether that's an appropriate level 13 and is used and useful to the benefit of ratepayers. We have offered an alternative to the 14 15 Commission. In fact, as you described, we have offered 16 a few alternatives. It would be the Commission's 17 judgment as to which is the most reasonable and 18 equitable way to approach this problem. 19 So, you have no position on which one of Q. 20 those four alternatives will produce rates that are 21 fair, just, and reasonable? 22 Α. I think all of them. 23 Q. All right. Let's take the alternative --24 Α. In other words, if the Commission finds that

25 21 percent is the appropriate level, then it follows (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 1006 that, based on that finding, rates are fair, just, and 1 2 reasonable at that level, et cetera. 3 All right. Let's take the alternative where Ο. 4 you have stated that rates that reflect a reduction of 5 subscriber commissions to 22.32 percent would be fair, 6 just, and reasonable. 7 Would it be fair, then, to say that the 8 subscriber commissions that are within that 22.32 9 percent are not in serious dispute? 10 Α. Well, if adopted, they wouldn't be contested by the Staff. But they certainly may be in serious 11 12 dispute depending on how the Commission views Staff's 13 recommendation. Staff's recommendation doesn't 14 necessarily equate to the Commission's decision. They may not be able to buy what the Staff is advocating 15 16 here as an alternative. 17 Ο. I'm asking you with regard to your testimony, Mr. Damron. And I'm not asking you to 18 19 speculate on what the Commission may or may not do in 20 response to that. 21 You have testified that you believe that 22 rates that are based on 22.32 percent subscriber 23 commissions would be fair, just, and reasonable. And 24 so my question is: If that's the case, then it must

25 follow, mustn't it, that subscriber commissions within (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 1007 1 that limit are not in serious dispute as you used that

2 phrase?

3 Well, we have made the recommendation that Α. 4 we have made, but we have certainly expressed our 5 distress about that particular category of expense. 6 It's certainly not in terms of the context of the 7 testimony we're discussing here. That's not the only 8 reason that I'm contesting the idea of using a 9 seven-day lag. I'm just making an observation here 10 that certainly the Commission has expressed a fairly dim view about its concerns about this particular 11 12 category of expense. In that regard, I say it is in 13 serious dispute. Whether it's in serious dispute at 22 14 percent or 12 percent or whatever, it may or may not be in terms of Staff. 15

16 Well, then, help me out here: Are you Ο. 17 saying that we have to understand and speculate on what 18 the Commission will do in order to understand what you 19 mean by the phrase "serious dispute" in this connection? 20 Α. Well, I think it's fairly clear when I say 21 it's in serious dispute. Obviously, it's one of the 22 most material issues in this case. I have quoted the 23 Commission's view regarding this particular category of 24 expense in my direct testimony. It certainly is in

25 serious dispute.

	(DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 1008
1	As to when it not becomes in serious
2	dispute, I guess the Commission will decide that.
3	Q. All right. Now, let's change and make some
4	assumptions about what the Commission will do. Let's
5	assume that the Commission agrees with you that 22.32
6	percent is a reasonable level of subscriber
7	commissions. Then would you still maintain that the
8	commissions within or that are up to or equal to that
9	level are in serious dispute?
10	A. No.
11	Q. So,
12	A. I would contend that they should be the
13	seven-day lag should still be disallowed for the
14	reasons I stated, Page 58, Lines 19 through 22, where I
15	state that the end user shouldn't have to pay the site
16	provider or the aggregators in any more timely manner
17	than they have to pay the AOS company.
18	Q. Now, if you can answer the question that I
19	asked: Under the assumption that I asked you to make,
20	then the reason viewed discretely about the subscriber
21	commissions being in serious dispute as a basis to
22	disallow the Company's lag time for subscriber
23	commissions would not be applicable; is that right?
24	A. That would be right. But I wouldn't

25 disallow the seven-day lag time simply on the basis (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 1009 that it's in serious dispute, and certainly I have not 1 in my testimony. Nor would I argue that the seven-day 2 lag time should be allowed solely on the basis that 3 4 this item is in serious dispute. I think we're 5 pounding on the lesser justification. 6 The primary justification is that I don't 7 believe this particular expense should have to be paid 8 in any more timely manner than the end user pays the 9 AOS company. That's the primary thrust of my argument. 10 ο. Is the subscriber commission any less of an actual cost of doing business to International Pacific 11 12 than its network expense? 13 It's a cost of doing business. Apparently Α. 14 it's a cost of doing business that's negotiated between the aggregator and IPI and, as stated in Exhibit C-26, 15 16 apparently the aggregator could withstand a significant 17 reduction and still have a robust business. 18 Certainly don't you think that IPI would be Ο. 19 delighted if it could obtain access to the same sites 20 and pay lower commissions to get that access? 21 Α. Yes. And further comments at the end of my 22 testimony about, if rates are reduced, it shouldn't 23 have much effect on the cash flow. Apparently it was 24 their anticipation at the time they offered that that

25 the aggregators would accept the lesser amount. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 1010 That's your conclusion, isn't it, sir? 1 Q. 2 Α. It's my conclusion and apparently the 3 conclusion of the author of Exhibit C-26. 4 Q. Let's talk about that again. 5 MS. BROWN: Your Honor, may I get the 6 notebook from Mr. Damron? 7 JUDGE FOSTER: Yes. BY MR. OWENS: 8 9 You're referring to Page 37 of Exhibit C-26? Q. 10 Α. Yes; which I quote at Page 68, Line 20 and extending over through Page 69 of my rebuttal 11 12 testimony. 13 The last sentence on that page says: Ο. "Through pressure of the OSPs, the Commission hopes to 14 reduce the surcharge level of the payphone company 15 16 instead of having to deal with each individual payphone 17 provider." That's the next to the last sentence. 18 Isn't that correct? That's what it states. 19 Α. 20 Ο. So, wouldn't a fair reading of that indicate 21 that the author, whoever he or she was, anticipated a rate reduction pattern on all providers, not just on 22 23 International Pacific? 24 Α. I have no idea. I only know that this was

25 the forecast of the outcome of the Commission's (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 1011 complaint against the Company. There is no mention 1 2 here of other companies. 3 There is no mention here of the anticipated Ο. 4 situation where International Pacific would be the only 5 company whose rates would be reduced and other companies would be able to offer and pay higher б 7 commissions, is there? 8 Α. No. But I think your hypothesis is a bit 9 off because not all companies can offer more. There 10 are a number of them that are under the AOS rule. But there are a significant number that are 11 Q. 12 not under the AOS rule and can offer and pay higher commissions than would be the case if the Commission 13 14 acts in accordance with your recommendation. Isn't 15 that true? 16 That's true. In the short run they may be Α. 17 able to do that unless we can persuade them to 18 voluntarily reduce their rates. Q. 19 Now, doesn't Page 33 of Exhibit C-26 discuss 20 the reason why Impact's customers are loyal? 21 Α. Which specific statement are you referring 22 to here? 23 Q. Impact's customers are loyal for several 24 reasons. First, Impact pays customers commissions

25 weekly and has never failed to pay on time? (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 1012 1 That's part of it. It goes on to talk about Α. 2 paying management expertise, weak balance sheet, 3 erratic commission payments, et cetera. That's part of 4 it. 5 Ο. So, the implication of that then is that if 6 Impact or International Pacific was not to pay 7 commissions weekly, it would suffer a reduction in 8 customer loyalty? Isn't that a fair reading of that? 9 It says here also that they are looking for Α. 10 financially strong, well run companies that pay reasonable commissions regularly. So, again, we're 11 12 talking about unknown or measurable. We do not know 13 what the aggregators may or may not do. 14 Ο. You have no evidence that the marketplace 15 isn't demanding weekly commission payments as Mr. Mean 16 testified it was? 17 Α. I'm aware that that's what IPI is offering. 18 Whether the marketplace is demanding it is something 19 else again. And whether the marketplace should get 20 what they demand in the context of a regulated company 21 or, rather, whether the end-use ratepayer should have 22 to finance that particular arrangement is another 23 question. 24 ο. So, is the answer to my question, no, you

25 don't have any evidence that the marketplace isn't (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 1013 demanding it? 1 2 Α. The marketplace certainly would demand 3 whatever it can get. The question is: Is it 4 reasonable to make that offer? 5 Ο. Are you incapable of answering yes or no to 6 that question? 7 Α. No, I'm not incapable of answering yes or no 8 to that question. 9 Then will you? Q. 10 Α. I don't know what the aggregators may or may 11 not do. 12 You haven't investigated to find out what Q. the terms and conditions of similar agreements in the 13 marketplace are with other providers? 14 My understanding is that most agreements are 15 Α. verbal. That was cited a number of times in the 16 17 competitive classification case. It's a little 18 difficult to examine a hand shake. You can talk to the parties that shook 19 Ο. 20 hands, couldn't you? 21 Α. I have talked to a few of them that shook 22 hands. They weren't particularly happy with IPI. 23 Q. Maybe I can rephrase my question so that you 24 understand it better. My question was: Did you

25	investigate the terms and conditions of similar
	(DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 1014
1	agreements with providers other than IPI in terms of
2	how often commissions are to be paid?
3	A. No.
4	Q. You answered an earlier question where I
5	asked you if subscriber commissions were no less an
6	operating cost of International Pacific than its
7	network expenses by saying that it's apparently
8	something that's negotiated with the aggregator. And
9	those negotiations are based on the alternatives
10	available to the aggregators in the marketplace, aren't
11	they?
12	A. Yes. I don't question the fact that
13	subscriber commissions are a cost of doing business.
14	My testimony and the testimony of Mr. Wilson goes to
15	the weight of what is a prudently incurred amount of
16	that particular cost. What amount should or should not
17	be borne by ratepayers as an appropriate expense for
18	services rendered.
19	Q. I'm going to address now, sir, the lag
20	issue.
21	NAT has contractual arrangements with its
22	provider of network services that require it to pay
23	those expenses regularly; correct?
24	A. Apparently they have made that offer to its

25 aggregators.

(DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 1015 1 No, sir. Maybe you didn't understand my Q. 2 question. I'm asking you now about the providers of 3 network services to International Pacific. NAT incurs 4 those costs, and it has agreements that require it to 5 pay those costs regularly; correct? б Α. Yes. 7 ο. And similarly, it has requirements to pay 8 other expenses regularly like payroll; is that right? 9 Α. True. 10 ο. And some of those expenses like payroll may have to be paid more often than the Company receives 11 12 revenues from its billing agents; is that correct? 13 I don't know about more often. I did not Α. 14 challenge the lag days related to payroll in this 15 analysis. 16 Q. The Company's employees for which the 17 payroll expenses are incurred are the ones, among 18 others, who assist in the calls being completed that the consumers are paying for; is that right? 19 20 Α. Yes. Again, I think the test of an expense 21 is prudently incurred to the benefit of the end user. 22 And I'm not questioning the prudency of operator wages 23 and related expenses. 24 ο. Again, I'm simply talking about the lag

25 adjustment.

(DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 1016 1 So, it's the case that, for example, if the 2 Company has to pay its payroll expense every other 3 week, the lag on that would be fourteen days; is that 4 right? 5 Α. That's what's claimed. I had no way to б verify any of these lag days. 7 Ο. Did your counsel ask Mr. Mean what his 8 payroll lag was while he was on the stand? 9 Α. She asked him and received some testimony, 10 yes, on some of these. He is the chief financial officer. You 11 Ο. 12 don't think he is unaware of his payroll payment obligations? 13 14 Α. He may be aware of a number of things. The intent of my comment was that ordinarily I don't 15 analyze lead/lag studies through cross-examination. 16 17 I usually put paper on my desk and look at that. 18 ο. It's possible, then, that an employee might 19 provide a service that generates a call and that the 20 revenue that the Company gets for completing that call 21 would come in considerably later than the Company would 22 have to pay that employee for providing that service; 23 correct? 24 Α. It's possible. As Mr. Mean said, there is

25 always money coming in and going out. That was his (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 1017 1 testimony. 2 Q. Well, a lead/lag study attempts to quantify 3 those comings in and goings out, doesn't it? 4 Α. That's what it attempts to do. 5 Ο. And so under my hypothetical, you don't б challenge the reasonableness of asking consumers to pay 7 for the lag that extends beyond the date that the 8 operator has been paid for completing that call; 9 correct? 10 Α. No. I think it's fairly customary to pay your employees on a weekly or bi-weekly or monthly 11 12 basis. I'm not challenging that practice. I'm 13 challenging the practice of telling the end-use ratepayer that he has to pay the site provider and the 14 aggregator once every seven days, but he only has to 15 16 pay the AOS company once every thirty days or whatever 17 the lag days are. 18 I think it's a business decision. It's a 19 business decision that they may use to attract 20 customers. I don't know that that's a business 21 decision that ought to be endorsed by this Commission. 22 That's my testimony. 23 Q. You don't know that it's not customary to 24 pay aggregators on a weekly basis in this industry, do

25 you?

(DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 1018 1 It may be customary to go out and shoot one Α. 2 out of every six end users once a week. But I don't 3 know that that's a practice this Commission has to 4 endorse. 5 Ο. Are you testifying under oath that you know б that that's a practice? 7 Α. No. I'm just exaggerating the point. 8 MR. OWENS: Your Honor, I would ask that the 9 witness be directed not to exaggerate and to answer 10 responsively. I asked a question whether he knew 11 whether it was customary in this industry to pay 12 aggregators on a weekly basis or whether he knew that 13 it was not. 14 MS. BROWN: I'll object on the grounds 15 of relevancy. 16 MR. OWENS: Your Honor, he just stated in 17 answer to a prior question that he didn't feel that it 18 was inappropriate for lags in payment of employees to 19 be recognized because it was customary to pay employees 20 every other week. 21 JUDGE FOSTER: I'll allow the question. 22 Objection is overruled. 23 THE WITNESS: I have not audited any other 24 company other than IPI. So, I have no idea what the

25 specific practices are of any other AOS company in this (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 1019 1 state. 2 (Discussion held off the record.) 3 JUDGE FOSTER: Let's be back on the record. 4 While we were off the record, the reporter 5 changed her paper. б Go ahead, Mr. Owens. 7 MR. OWENS: Thank you, your Honor. 8 BY MR. OWENS: 9 Q. I want to digress for a moment and ask you a 10 question back on the weighted standard work seconds calculation. 11 12 Your Exhibit 72 at Page 32, doesn't that say that because the time and motion studies which you 13 described as being a requirement for IPI are time 14 consuming and expensive, it is impractical, especially 15 16 for smaller telephone companies, to conduct these time 17 and motion studies themselves? Yes, I recall reading that. So, that leaves 18 Α. us with the alternative of using some standardized 19 20 table. And as I have testified a couple of times today 21 and in my testimony, I'm not confident that those 22 tables are current based on the record, that they are 23 eleventh for today based on today's technology and for 24 this particular industry.

25 But you don't know that they aren't, do you? Q. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 1020 1 No, I don't know one way or the other, which Α. 2 is my problem. 3 Now, on Page 59 of Exhibit CT-69, beginning Ο. 4 at Line 14, you describe things that you have removed. 5 And you're not suggesting by that that International 6 Pacific's lead/lag study be included those items, are 7 you? 8 Α. No. In fact, I put a transcript reference 9 at the end of the sentence on Line 16 which I believe 10 confirms that that's precisely what the Company did. 11 So, there is an area of agreement between Q. 12 the Company and the Staff? 13 We have an area that's uncontested. Α. Referring you to Page 44 of Exhibit CT-69, 14 ο. do you have a copy of Part 32? 15 16 Α. Yes. 17 ο. Is it correct that 47 CFR Part 32.13(a) 18 says, "As a general rule, all accounts kept by 19 reporting companies shall conform in numbers and titles 20 to those prescribed herein. However, reporting 21 companies may use different numbers for internal 22 purposes when separate accounts (or subaccounts) 23 maintained are consistent with the title and content of 24 accounts and subaccounts prescribed in this system"?

25 Give me a moment, please. (Reading.) Are Α. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 1021 you talking about 1332.16(a)? 1 2 ο. 32.13(a). I'm sorry. 3 (Reading.) That's what it says. And as I Α. 4 have testified, I believe U. S. West, for instance, 5 keeps a financial reporting accounts and keeps a Part 6 32 accounts, although they are discontinuing their 7 financial reporting accounts or at least they are 8 discontinuing those reports. 9 Now, Mr. Mean described the specific Q. 10 accounts that he indicated that International Pacific was not successful in finding a corresponding account 11 12 in Part 36 for, didn't he? 13 I believe he described some of them. I Α. don't know that he described all six of them that he 14 15 referred to. 16 Ο. What account would International Pacific's 17 switching fees be included in under the Uniform System 18 of Accounts? I don't have any opinion at this time. 19 Α. Ιf 20 the Company wishes to present this Commission or the 21 Staff with a list of accounts and describe what their 22 problems are, I would have to sit down with management 23 and with the other accountants on the Staff and come to 24 some conclusion. I'm not going to stand here and

25 represent myself as the Staff and say this is the way (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 1022 these accounts should be handled. I am not the 1 2 management of this Commission. 3 Would your answer be the same if I asked you ο. 4 about billing validation expenses? 5 Α. Yes. If the Company wishes to present the 6 Staff with a letter with a listing of those accounts 7 that it's having problems with and describe the 8 contents of the account and describe what their 9 problems are, we certainly will sit down, the Staff and 10 management, and have a round table discussion about it and come to some rational conclusion as to how that 11 12 should be handled. But I'm not going to sit here and 13 make management decisions. That's beyond my authority. 14 In terms of ratemaking, as long as it's operating -- clearly an operating expense, it doesn't 15 16 really matter whether it's in this account or that 17 account. In terms of total company presentation, it 18 doesn't change the revenue requirement calculation. 19 Ο. You used the average rate base in your 20 recasting of International Pacific's separated results 21 in Exhibit C-75; is that correct? 22 Α. I used an average rate base, yes. 23 Q. And is it correct that the end-of-period 24 rate base is closer in value to the rate base that will

25 exist during the rate effective period than the (DAMRON - Cross by Owens)

1023

1 average?

2 Yes. That's a standard argument for Α. 3 end-of-period rate base, which misses the whole point 4 of the historical test period approach which I have 5 described in my direct testimony. Not the dollar б amount we're trying to get close to. It's the 7 prospective percentage relationship of net income to 8 rate base that we're trying to achieve with the 9 historical test period approach. 10 ο. But you have adjusted International Pacific's network expense for anticipated economies of 11 12 scale that were not, in fact, realized during the test

13 period. Isn't that true?

14 A. I have adjusted the unit cost, yes.

Q. And you have no evidence that International Pacific could have obtained its network services at lower unit costs than its then existing volumes; is that correct?

A. Of course not. Again, you're missing the
point of what the historical test period approach does
on adjusting for volume. You're not adjusting for
volume. You're adjusting for changes in unit costs.
Q. But those unit costs are not achievable

24 without the increase in volume, are they, under this

25 situation?

(DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 1 Α. No, they are not. But as the revenues 2 increase, the expenses increase, and rate base 3 increases, you could achieve the very same relationship 4 of income to rate base in a prospective period with an 5 historical test period approach and an average rate 6 base. 7 The fact that they will achieve volume 8 discounts has nothing to do with causing some 9 distortion. We're using the test period to identify 10 prospective changes in the relationship of net income 11 to rate base. 12 It's correct, isn't it, that your adjustment Q. of International Pacific's test year subscriber 13 commissions is based on the proposition that, in fact, 14 there would not be any reaction of the aggregators in 15 16 terms of reducing or eliminating the business that they 17 give to International Pacific in response to reduced 18 commission payments. Isn't that true? 19 Α. No. It's based on the assumption that, 20 whatever that reaction is, it's not known and 21 measurable. 22 Ο. In fact, mathematically you have measured it 23 at zero, haven't you, in your presentation? 24 Α. Mathematically, I have made no adjustments

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25 because it's not known and measurable.

(DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 1025 Well, the mathematical effect of what you 1 Q. 2 have done is to portray that there will, in fact, be no 3 effect. Isn't that true? 4 Well, if you're saying I made an adjustment Α. 5 by not making an adjustment, I guess I can follow that. б The truth of the matter is I made no adjustment because it was not known and measurable. 7 8 Ο. You have made an adjustment in the face of 9 knowing that there will be some offsetting reaction. 10 Isn't that true? Yes. And for all I know, the offsetting 11 Α. 12 reaction may be favorable rather than disfavorable to 13 the Company. It's not known and measurable. And not 14 known and measurable means not known and measurable. I 15 don't know what that effect is. That's why I did not 16 adjust for it. 17 ο. You have no evidence that International 18 Pacific could have had its test year level of revenues 19 if it had paid the level of subscriber commission fees 20 that you have adjusted those dollars to. Isn't that

21 correct?

A. Again, that is not known and measurable.
Q. My question is: You have no evidence that
International Pacific could have earned the revenues

25 that it earned in the test period if it had paid (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 1026 commissions at the level you are adjusting them to? 1 2 Α. Correct. I have no evidence as to what some 3 nonexistent condition might produce. 4 Q. You responded to Mr. Mean at Page 67 of 5 Exhibit C-69 by citing two cases, one involving Pacific 6 Northwest Bell and another I guess three dockets 7 involving Puget Power; is that correct? 8 Α. Yes. 9 Now, it's true, isn't it, that in all of Q. 10 those cases the Company was the entity with the burden of proof? 11 12 Α. True. And it's true, isn't it, that the Commission 13 Ο. held in the Pacific Northwest Bell case and in the 14 Puget Power case that the entity with the burden of 15 16 proof had failed to establish the existence of a 17 prospective reduction in consumption based on a 18 prospective increase in price. Is that a fair 19 statement? 20 Α. That's a fair statement. 21 ο. Now, the commodities involved in those cases 22 were in the case of Pacific Northwest Bell message toll 23 service and in the case of Puget Power electricity; is 24 that correct?

25 True. Different product, same concept. Α. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 1027 1 In 1975 were there any alternative providers Q. 2 of message toll service? 3 Well, there weren't any alternative Α. 4 providers of message toll service. There was certainly 5 an elastic product based on you can write a letter now. б You can get in a car and go visit. There were -- it 7 was elastic in that sense. 8 But, no, I don't believe there was any toll 9 competition in 1975. 10 ο. So, there were few identical substitutes, few or no identical substitutes for the commodity in 11 12 the Puget Power case; is that right? Excuse me. In 13 the Pacific Northwest Bell case. 14 Α. There were no alternative toll providers. But there were other alternatives to toll call. 15 16 Similarly in the Puget Power case, if a Q. 17 consumer lives within Puget Power's service area, can 18 that consumer buy retail electricity from some other provider? 19 20 Α. No. But it can certainly install a gas 21 range and a gas heater and a gas charcoal boiler or gas 22 hot water tank and a gas jacuzzi. So, it certainly has 23 some alternative. There are no gas telephones out 24 there. But other than -- there are quite a few

25 alternatives to electricity. (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 1028 1 Is there a gas driven water pump for a Q. 2 iacuzzi? 3 There is a gas driven water heater. I don't Α. 4 know about pump. 5 Ο. So, if a customer wanted to pump the heated б water through the jacuzzi, he probably would still have 7 to have electricity; is that right? Certainly. But he could certainly minimize 8 Α. 9 his electric bill by putting in a gas heater. 10 ο. Now, with regard to International Pacific, there are many alternative providers, at least as far 11 12 as aggregators are concerned, of the services that International Pacific provides, aren't there? 13 14 Α. There are many aggregators and many AOS companies. 15 16 And aggregators can change AOS companies Q. 17 almost instantly with only the effort of making an 18 entry on a computer, can't they? 19 Α. It's my understanding that they can change 20 aggregators or the aggregator can change AOS companies 21 fairly quickly, yes. 22 0. So, the Commission was confronted with in 23 the Pacific Northwest Bell case or the Puget Power case 24 with a situation where there was ready and available to

25 the consumers suppliers of identical substitutes for (DAMRON - Cross by Owens) 1029 which the price increase was being considered; is that 1 2 true? 3 Α. The industries are admittedly different. 4 What the Commission was faced with was a revenue 5 requirement calculation and how much speculation they б intended to put into that calculation to determine the 7 revenue requirement as to whether that particular 8 company would or would not be given an opportunity to 9 achieve its authorized return. To that extent, the 10 issues were identical. 11 To the extent that they are different 12 industries, I'll certainly give you that. They are 13 different industries facing different circumstances in 14 the market. 15 THE COURT: Are you at a good point to break 16 for the evening? 17 MR. OWENS: Thank you, your Honor. THE COURT: All right. Let's stand in 18 recess for this afternoon, and we'll plan on 19 20 reconvening at 9:30 a.m. tomorrow morning, same room. 21 We're off the record. (At 5:00 p.m. the above hearing was recessed 22 23 until Thursday, November 18, 1993 at 9:30 a.m.) 24